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TWELVE PAGES - TWO RIVALS

Kingdom again asks dismissal of Israel

NEW YORK, Oct. 12 (SPA) — Saudi Arabia repeated its call to oust Israel from United Nations in view of its disregarding challenging the organization's resolutions and the international community itself.

cited were its racist practices.

Mahmud Qabbani, the Kingdom's representative to the United Nations General Assembly's Committee for the Exercise of Inalienable National Rights of the Palestinian People said that Israel was defying the United Nations with U.S. backing.

It is only Israel flouting the decisions of world body and could-be-shouldering the national community, Qabbani said, but proceeding in its plans to turn Jerusalem its capital. For this reason, Israel does deserve to be a member of the international body.

Qabbani called for an international out of Israel to put an end to these practices. Israel, the ambassador said, tries to portray itself as an opponent of racial discrimination.

But simultaneously it is granting equality to Jews from all over the world denying any Arab or Christian his rights.

He affirmed that peace in the Middle East can be achieved except with recognition of the Palestinian people's rights and the establishment of an independent Palestinian state.

Qabbani also rejected the Soviet Union's claim that its troops entered Afghanistan at request of the Afghan government.

Such an allegation does not stand," he said, "because the Afghan government does represent the will of the Muslim people of Afghanistan."

He urged the world community to come to rescue of the Muslims of Afghanistan who are trying to free their land and gain independence.

The Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, he said, "is a violation of the right of the Afghan people to determine their own future."

He also called for an international boycott both Africa to put an end to apartheid in country.



(SPA photo)

DEPARTURE: King Khaled, right, accompanies Jordan's King Hussein after their talks on the Middle East situation and the Iraq-Iran war.

After talks with Khaled

Hussein returns to Jordan

JEDDAH, Oct. 12 (SPA) — King Hussein and his accompanying delegation left here Sunday after a one-day visit and talks with King Khaled on current developments in the Arab world.

He was seen off at the airport by King Khaled, Crown Prince Fahd, Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard, Prince Abdullah, Minister of Defense and Aviation Prince Sultan, Governor of Mecca Prince Majed and a number of ministers and senior officials.

Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal

said that the visit was part of continuous contact between the Kingdom and Jordan. He added that the two kings focused their talks on the Iraqi-Iranian conflict and evaluated the dimensions of the situation objectively and comprehensively. They agreed to continue consulting each other and exchanging views in the general interest of the Arab world, the prince said.

Between Washington, Moscow

Nuke talks opening uncertain

GENEVA, Oct. 12 (AP) — Prospects that U.S.-Soviet nuclear missile talks would open Monday as widely expected, dimmed Sunday.

U.S. officials here said they had received no word from Washington about when the U.S. delegation would arrive, or exactly when the American negotiators would sit down with their Soviet counterparts. Soviet sources said they knew nothing.

There were some suggestions from the U.S. side that the talks would begin toward mid-week.

There was, however, no explanation here for the blackout on information about the negotiations, which were set up by U.S. Secretary of State Edmund Muskie and Soviet

Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko.

Talks are to deal with limiting U.S. and Soviet missiles destined for use in the European theater in the event of war.

Last December, the U.S.-led North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) decided by 1983 to implant 572 Pershing II and cruise missiles in Western Europe to counter what NATO said was an increasing Soviet threat, particularly because of a sophisticated SS-20 missile aimed at Western Europe.

NATO pressed for talks with the Soviets for mutual limitation of missiles, but Moscow balked until a visit there in July by West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt.

Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev then agreed to go ahead with talks.

Quake toll may top 20,000

Paradox of horror, calm in Al Asnam

AL ASNAM, Algeria, Oct. 12 (Agencies) Two days after this region was devastated by two earthquakes, Al Asnam a disconcerting sight — horrifying scenes in sections of town that were razed to the ground, and a scene of calm in areas miraculously preserved. Meanwhile, rescue teams still are seeking victims from the massive devastation of day's earthquakes, and a director of the local Red Crescent said Sunday the death toll could be more than 20,000.

He said it was still impossible to give a precise figure but the relief organizations working at Al Asnam and elsewhere in western Algeria now assumed a figure in excess of 20,000. At least 50,000 were injured and up to a quarter of a million left homeless by the major tremors.

At Al Asnam, five and six-story buildings were reduced to rubble in some spots, and in others buildings were only slightly cracked. A constant layer of dust and sand covers the town. But the scene is liable to change daily from one street to another. On March Road, a main artery, hundreds of rescue workers dig through ruins, searching for a young child. In a parallel street people walk quickly, carefully circling a pile of debris in the middle of the road.

Some 5,000 bodies have been removed from the ruins so far. But thousands are estimated still buried — not including innumerable victims in surrounding villages, three of which were wiped off the map.

On the road from here to Algiers — about 100 km (110 miles) long — convoys of refugees try to wend their way through hundreds of small white ambulances, horns blaring.

Along the other way, taxis crammed with people flow alongside bulldozers, tanker trucks, tow-trucks packed with electrical equipment and ambulances. Thousands of vehicles pile up in gigantic traffic jams. Long lines of cars move along nearby roads, guided by police trying to control the dense traffic flow.

Impression of chaos grows closer to Al Asnam, where all communication with the outside world has been cut off within a radius almost 100-kms (65 miles).

First evidence of the quake appears about 26 (26 miles) from the devastated area. Next, a building has been demolished and people are camping outside. The road is closed in places.



(Wephot)

RUBBLE: Leaning buildings and masses of rubble make up nearly all of the city of Al Asnam, Algeria, after earthquakes killed at least 20,000 people.

Effect of the quakes as far as the eye can see. Near their epicenter at Oued-Fodda, a train is derailed, its cargo spilled over the ground.

The League of Red Cross Societies sent its relief director, Juerg Vittoni, to the scene and Algerian President Chadli Benjedid toured the devastated area as an international relief effort got under way.

Many countries, including the United States, the Soviet Union, Britain, France, Italy

and Switzerland, responded to calls for aid, sending tents, medicine, blankets and dogs specially trained to locate people buried under debris. At Algiers Boumediene International Airport, foreign medical teams were hurried through immigration controls. Incoming flights also included hundreds of anxious migrant workers returning from France to find out the fate of relatives in the stricken region.

Bani-Sadr vows resistance

Tanks moving on Abadan

BEIRUT, Oct. 12 (Agencies) — Iraqi jets rocketed Abadan as tanks raced to close in on the gulf oil refining city in southwestern Iran Sunday, the Iraqi command reported.

Iraq's President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr said his generals were "wearing down the Iraqis" and will mount a counter attack to recapture every chunk of land Iraq conquered in the three-week war on the northern fringes of the Gulf.

Speaking by telephone with the Associated Press Beirut office, Bani-Sadr said he was agreeable to a U.N.-sponsored cease-fire limited to the Shatt Al Arab estuary to allow an estimated 60 war-stranded foreign-flag ships to leave the embattled waterway.

But there were no signs that Iraq would agree to the localized standdown after reporting its infantry and armor stormed across the strategic Karun River in a drive to win total control of the 120-mile shipping lane.

"Our forces raced behind the fleeing enemy, mopping up resistance pockets around Abadan in preparation for a final attack to overrun it," said a communiqué from the Iraqi command broadcast by the state radio of Baghdad.

Communiqués were scarce from Iran on ground fighting along the 300-mile front. But the Tehran command confirmed Iraqi warplanes had struck the Shatt Al Arab arena for two weeks.

Iraq said its jets also struck at Iran's port of Bandar Mashur, 60 miles east of Abadan on the northeastern tip of the Gulf, destroying part of the harbor and setting its oil refinery afire. One Iraqi jet was lost.

The Baghdad communiqué said Iran's U.S.-made warplanes raided cities in the eastern and southern Iraq again Sunday, killing one Iraqi civilian and wounding 18 in the

Kurdish-populated city of Suleimanieh, 175 miles northeast of Baghdad. It claimed one Iranian plane was shot down.

Iraq planes also bombed an Iranian-Japanese petrochemical complex at Bandar Khomenei Sunday for the third time, foreign ministry sources in Tokyo said. A report from the Japanese Embassy in Tehran said the attack took place at 0600 GMT, but it was not known to what extent the bombing damaged the complex, which is 85 per cent complete, the sources said.

The \$3.2 billion complex was previously bombed on Sept. 24 and Oct. 1.

Last Thursday, Japanese workers began evacuating to Tehran because of the Iraqi-Iran war. Japanese government sources said all 745 Japanese workers at the construction site were expected to be in Tehran by this weekend.

Meanwhile, residents of towns in Khuzestan "will not leave", Iranian Prime Minister Muhammad Rajai said in Tehran Sunday in response to a threat from Iraq to bombard cities in the war-torn province.

"Iraq had announced it wants to bombard the towns, and it has called on people to leave, but those in Dezful and Shushtar will not only not quit, they will resist until they have done their duty," Rajai said.

The Iranian chiefs of staff also threatened to retaliate "if the Iraqi Baathists continued to bombard the cities."

Hajj dates set

JEDDAH, Oct. 12 (SPA) — The Supreme Council of the Judiciary Monday announced that Hajj will be performed Oct. 18 and Eid Al-Adha will be celebrated Oct. 19.

In a statement, the SCJ confirmed that the first day of the month of Dhul Hijja was Friday, Oct. 10, and therefore the gathering at the Plain of Arafat (the day of the Pilgrimage) will be Saturday Oct. 18 and Eid Al-Adha the day following.

The SCJ implored God to accept the prayer of the pilgrims and unite them on the right path.

Sultan visits medical base

DHAHRAN, Oct. 12 (SPA) — Minister of Defense and Aviation Prince Sultan arrived here Sunday afternoon to lay the foundation stone of an armed forces medical center in the Eastern Province.

The medical center includes a specialist hospital for first and secondary aid with 300 beds, a center for air navigation medicine at the airbase, and a training center for 300 persons.



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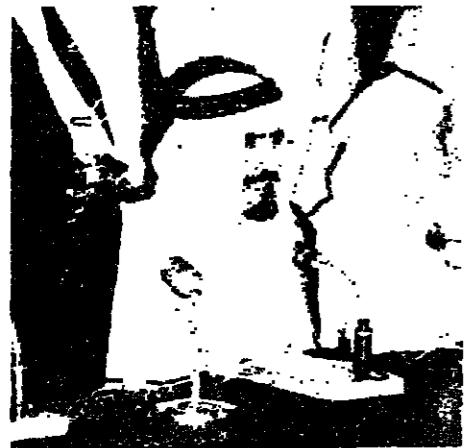
Contributions in excess of 25 per cent of such income do not qualify as charitable contributions under Article 15 A." Chiles said in his letter. "If there is no such income there is no deduction."

The same restriction applies on Israeli contributions to U.S. charities: Israelis who make such donations must have U.S. income in order to claim the deduction, and their contributions cannot exceed 25 per cent of that income.

At Islamic seminar

Majed calls for unity

MECCA, Oct. 12 (SPA) — Crown Prince Fahd's call for Jihad was the strongest evidence that Saudi Arabia backs Islamic rights without hesitation or fear and was indicative of the Kingdom's clear-cut stand, Mecca Governor Prince Majed said.



UNITY CALL: Prince Majed addresses the ninth International Islamic seminar.

Addressing the Ninth International Islamic Seminar which was organized by the Muslim World League and which he chaired, the prince said Saturday the Kingdom was keen on turning to action the call for Islamic solidarity. "We want positive results," he said.

By Dr. Kayal

Pilgrimage phone plan announced

RIYADH, Oct. 12 — Minister of Posts, Telegraph and Telephones Dr. Alawi Darwish Kayal has been busy preparing plans for the Hajj period, according to the phone company.

As a result, the holy centers of Mecca, under District Manager Fouad Ashram, and Medina, under District Manager Abdul Rahman Al-Sairafi, are now fully prepared to meet the influx of millions of pilgrims, a phone company spokesman added.

Throughout the past three years Saudi Telephone has evolved a sophisticated strategy for providing full communications service for the Kingdom's Hajj visitors, the spokesman said. A special standing commit-

tee, involving every department of Saudi Telephone, continuously reviews the progress of the Pilgrimage. As the pilgrims move from one center to another, Saudi Telephone responds by opening new phone centers and closing unused locations. This flexible operation is only possible because of Saudi Telephone's modern equipment and careful management techniques, the spokesman said.

In addition, past studies have shown Saudi Telephone how to optimize personnel and machinery. From the 27th of Dhu Al Qidah to the 4th of Dhu Al Hijjah, Saudi Telephone will open and operate eight telephone cabins in holy Mecca. With eight operators in each cabin, these units are the backbone of the telecommunications service for the visitors. On the 5th and 6th of Dhu Al Hijjah, telephone operators will move to Arafat, where two cabins will open.

On the 7th, 8th and 9th of Dhu Al Hijjah, operators will open five cabins in Mina and three in Mecca. From the 10th to the 17th of Dhu Al Hijjah, telephone personnel will operate six cabins in Mecca. A total of fifteen cabins will be in use in Saudi Telephone's Hajj plan.

prayer times

Monday	Mecca	Medina	Nejd
Fajr	5:04	5:06	4:34
Ishraq	6:21	6:21	5:53
Dhuhr	12:14	22:17	11:04
Assr	3:35	3:36	3:03
Maghreb	6:02	6:01	5:29
Isha	7:32	7:31	6:59

Sheikh Muhammad I Ali Al-Harakan, the secretary general of the Muslim World League, said high on the agenda of the seminar were the major challenges faced by the Islamic world.

The seminar was also addressed by Sheikh Abdulllah Al-Bassam, Abdul Wahhab Al-Doukari, Sheikh Abdulrahman Kafoua, Dr. Maarruf Al-Dawalibi and other prominent Islamic personalities.



INSPECTION: Prince Naif during his tour of pilgrimage sites.

Camping problem examined

Prince Naif inspects sites

MÉCCA, Oct. 12 (SPA) — The problem of pilgrims camping around the Holy Haram cannot be settled except by dealing first with the underlying reasons, Interior Minister Prince Naif said after inspecting Pilgrimage sites.

The two major reasons for this problem, the prince said Saturday are first that some pilgrims unfortunately do not help the tour conductors or Mutawefs and do not settle in the places indicated for them. The Hajjis try to be as near as possible to the Holy Mosque. Secondly, there are large numbers of Muslims working in Saudi Arabia so they find it easy to perform Haj. They come from various parts of the Kingdom and fill many places.

But a study has been undertaken by competent authorities, said Prince Naif, and it is hoped that the plan which will result will be carried out soon. "There will be suitable places for all people at the edges of Mecca and at moderate prices," he added. He called for combined efforts by the Mutawefs, the Ministry of Pilgrimage and Endowments and the Interior Ministry to put an end to the phenomenon of street camping. He urged Saudis to cooperate with the authorities in this respect and the mass media to explain

the plan and its objectives.

Prince Naif said he expected an increase in the number of pilgrims this year, though so far the increase is only two per cent compared with last year.

The prince's tour covered the beginning of the Jeddah/Mecca expressway, the new tunnels, headquarters of the Special Forces, the fire brigade airport at Mena, civil defense at Kada, government compounds in the holy places and the National Guard schools. He was accompanied by Deputy Governor of Mecca Prince Saud ibn Abdul Mohsen, Public Security Chief Gen. Abdullah Al-Sheikh and other senior officials and notables.

The minister said he was pleased at the end of his tour with all the arrangements made to ensure maximum comfort for the pilgrims. He said he was particularly elated with the part played by the National Guard in rendering services to the pilgrims and addressed his thanks and congratulations to Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdulllah and his deputy for the high standard achieved by the Guard. He also thanked all officers and men for their genuine efforts "which increases the pride of every Saudi."

To earthquake victims

King sends condolence

JEDDAH, Oct. 12 (SPA) — King Khaled and Crown Prince Fahd cabled their condolences and sympathy to Algerian President Chedli Ben Jedia for the victims of the devastating earthquake that shook Algeria Friday.

In his cable Saturday, King Khaled said "We have learned with deep regret the news of the devastating earthquake that shook sisterly Algeria and the tremendous damage it caused in life and property. We feel extremely sorry for this major catastrophe and would like to express our sympathy to the bereaved families.

"Please accept our heartfelt condolences to Your Excellency and the dear Algerian people. May God protect your country from

all evil."

Prince Fahd's cable read "We were extremely pained when we learned about the violent quake that occurred in Algeria, a havoc it wreaked, with such a heavy toll life and property. We share your profound sorrow for this disaster and hereby extend our heartfelt condolences especially to families of the victims and to the Algerian people in general. Our sympathy to Your Excellency. We pray God Almighty to protect your dear country such catastrophes in the future and grant you safety and reassurance."

Comment

By Muhammed Al-Qahtani
Al-Riyadh

We have heard a lot about the King Abdul Aziz University Hospital. People have so much exaggerated about treatment and dealing that they have given it a prominent position while ignoring other hospitals and clinics which, in fact, are far more disciplined and better treatment than the University Hospital.

The other day, when I suffered a sudden pain, I was obliged to leave my work and go to the University Hospital, impressed by what I had already heard about it. By the ill-treatment from the officials and doctors of the hospital became evident. I came to know that patients have to buy their identity cards, otherwise they would not be allowed entry.

Ignored this complicated routine, I enquired about the time of arrival of doctors, which, I was told, was a quarter four o'clock. The big crowd of patients waited for doctors to come and start work, but at five o'clock some of them could bear the long wait due to their suffering and were compelled to proceed to the nearest hospital.

I think a long wait of more than an hour is itself a cause, fall sick. Gripped with anger and annoyance due to the uncertainty, I forgot I was sick. I threw myself into the car and drove to the Obaid Hospital which, indeed, has regard for patients.

However, I would not forget to the University Hospital for its poor services to the citizens. At the same time, I implore God to keep all of us healthy, we are not compelled to go to the private hospital.

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Erbakan to face military trial

Demirel, Ecevit, Erbakan released

ANKARA, Oct. 12 (Agencies) — Turkey's Muslim fundamentalist party leader Necmettin Erbakan will face a military trial for working to impose an Islamic state on Turkey, the official radio reported Sunday.

The radio said Erbakan, 54, released from military detention early Sunday and allowed to return to his Ankara home, but would be tried later.

Nine former deputies of his Muslim National Salvation Party (NSL) will also face trials on the same charges, under an article of the penal code which forbids activities against the secular nature of the state, the radio said. Six of the former deputies were freed along with Erbakan while three were kept in detention and formally arrested.

Turkey's political leaders and some 100 parliamentarians were detained after the Sept. 12 military coup while military prosecutors investigated their past activities.

Ousted Conservative Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel and Social Democrat Bulent Ecevit, also a former premier, were freed Saturday.

The country's fourth leading politician, extreme rightist Alpaslan Turkes, was formally arrested Saturday and remained in detention along with all of his former deputies.

They are to be tried under another article of the penal code on charges of instigating the people against one another and "inciting massacre", military sources said.

BRIEFS

CAIRO, (AP) — A 1,400-strong battalion from the U.S. Rapid Deployment Force will come to Egypt next month for exercises with Egyptian units, the daily *Ahram* said Saturday.

COPENHAGEN, (AP) — A Norwegian oil rig worker was killed and two other men were missing in the Suez Gulf after a blowout and fire Saturday morning aboard the Maersk "Endure" drilling platform, the Maersk drilling company announced. The general manager of the Danish-based company, L.V. Arnesen, said 70 other rig workers were picked up by boats sailing nearby in the Gulf of Suez, about 400 kilometers southeast of Suez, Egypt.

LAHORE, (AP) — Customs police Saturday seized \$2 million worth of hashish near Multan city, about 120 miles from here, the Pakistan news agency PPI said. Police said Afghan truck driver Muhammad Wali Khan was carrying the drug in his truck from the tribal region between Pakistan and Afghanistan to Karachi.

ADDIS ABABA, (AP) — Ethiopia's top relief official, calling for more help for displaced persons in the country, has implied that aid from the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) in the Horn of Africa has been biased in favor of Somalia.

DACCA, (AP) — President Ahmad Sekou Toure of Guinea arrived here Sunday on a three-day state visit to Bangladesh, after signing a friendship and cooperation treaty in North Korea.

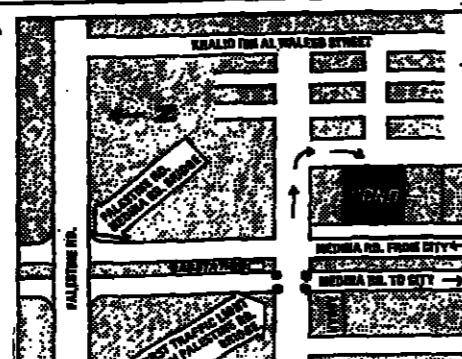
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Morocco to arm civilians of border areas

RABAT, Oct. 12 (R) — King Hassan of Morocco has decided to arm the civilian population of three provinces bordering Algeria following an attack on Thursday by Algerian-backed Polisario Front guerrillas on a frontier outpost in disputed territory.

Officials said the king personally distributed weapons to members of delegations from the provinces of Guelmim, Tata and Quarzazate at a ceremony in his Rabat palace Friday.

The king told the delegations to explain to the people in the frontier areas that the weapons were for self-defense and expressed his confidence in the tribes of the south which, he said, had always considered as part of the armed forces.

Thursday's attack was on the frontier post of M'hamid in Quarzazate province. About 500 Polisario guerrillas took part. The Polisario Front is fighting for the independence of the Western Sahara.

A communiqué said the attackers were driven off and were being pursued toward their main bases in the Tindouf area of Algeria.

The king told parliament Friday night that Morocco had known for several weeks that the Polisario Front was planning to attack undisputed areas on Morocco's Algerian frontier and that precautions had been taken, including the arming of the local population.

"The attack by mercenaries against M'hamid is a plot directed against Morocco and against Algeria, so much so that we hope



King Hassan
the Algerian authorities will take the lesson, knowing that neither Morocco nor Algeria can change its geographical position," the king said.

The attack on M'hamid occurred soon after fierce fighting in southern Morocco, in the Ras el-Khanifa area, about 500 kilometers from M'hamid.

Several hundred casualties were reported by both sides in recent clashes near Ras al-Khanifa, and Moroccan military sources said the attack on M'hamid indicated that the Polisario Front was trying either to relieve pressure on its forces in the south or trying to provoke an open armed conflict between Algeria and Morocco.

The M'hamid incident marked the first time in the five-year conflict over the Western Sahara that the Polisario had attacked so far north in undisputed Moroccan territory. The area was the scene of a brief frontier war between Algeria and Morocco in 1963.

Syria's Baath Party okays treaty with Soviet Union

DAMASCUS, Oct. 12 (Agencies) — The leadership of Syria's ruling Socialist Baath Party unanimously endorsed a 20-year treaty of friendship and cooperation that President Hafez Assad signed with the Soviet Union on Wednesday, an official announcement said Sunday.

The party's Syrian and Pan-Arab Commands approved the treaty during a joint emergency session held under Assad's direction in Damascus Saturday night, according to the announcement.

The treaty now needs the approval of the Syrian parliament and the National Progressive Front, made up of the Baath Party and its junior coalition allies in the government, including the Syrian Communist Party. This will be done within a few days, a government spokesman said.

He said a "high-ranking Soviet delegation" has expected in Damascus "in the near future" for the exchange of the ratification documents that would put the treaty in force.

Syrian Defense Minister Gen. Mustafa Tlass stayed behind in Moscow "to complete negotiations with the Soviet side on how the military clauses of the treaty are to be implemented," the spokesman said.

The treaty stipulates speedy consultations between the two countries in case a threat develops to the peace or security of either state. They are bound to "coordinate their stands and cooperate in heading off this

threat and reinstate peace."

The other military clause in the treaty provides for "developing cooperation in the military field in accordance with existing agreements in the interest of consolidating their defense capabilities."

Meanwhile, the Palestine news agency Wafa has welcomed the Syrian-Soviet treaty as a step toward realizing Palestinian rights."

Wafa's political editor wrote: "We welcome this treaty and the joint communique and consider the former a step toward the realization of Palestinian rights... We consider the joint communique to be of great importance since it stresses the commitment of the two parties to the security, unity and territorial integrity of Lebanon and supports the legitimate interests of the PLO in Lebanon."

South Yemen congress to review achievements

ADEN, Oct. 12 (AP) — A congress of the leading Socialist Party scheduled to begin Sunday Oct. 12 will expound the achievement of "freedom and peace" with the "friendly guidance" of the Soviet Union, the chairman of the party has said.

"This extraordinary event will strengthen the struggle along with the forces of socialism," Chairman Ali Nasser Muhammad said Saturday.

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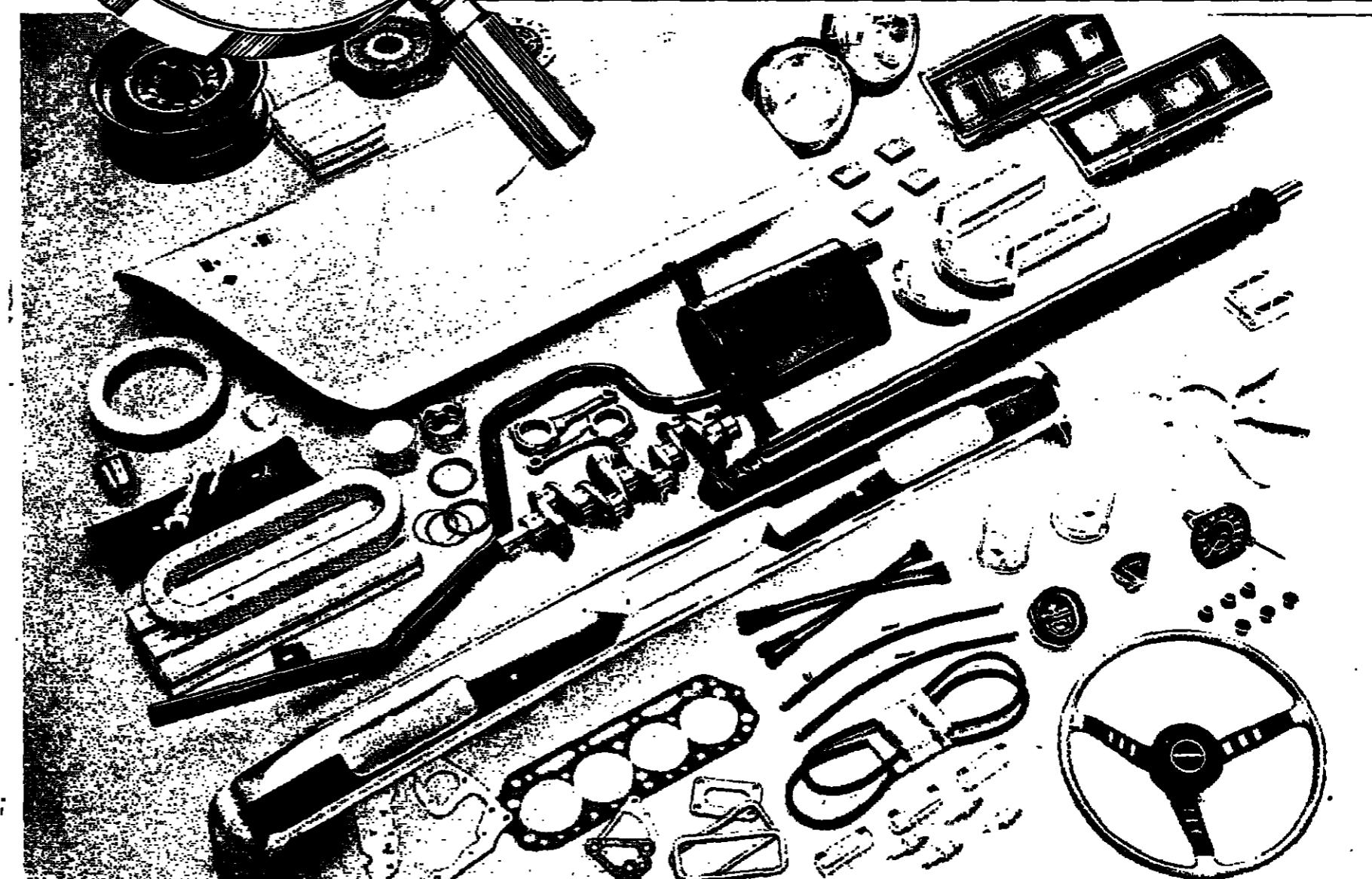
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Another extra-inning struggle

Phillies top Astros, NL playoff even

HOUSTON, Oct. 12 (AP) — Run-scoring doubles by pinch hitter Greg Luzinski and Manny Trillo in the 10th inning gave the Philadelphia Phillies a 5-3 victory over the Houston Astros Saturday in a controversy-filled game that extended the National League playoff championship series to a fifth game.

The Phillies' triumph tied the best-of-five series at two victories apiece. The final game will be played Sunday night in the Astrodome.



Manny Trillo

with the winner going on to play American League champion Kansas City in the World Series starting Tuesday. The probable pitchers for the decisive game are rookie Marty Byrnes for Philadelphia and either Ken

Forsch or Nolan Ryan for Houston.

Pete Rose started the Phillies' winning rally in the 10th with a one-out single to center and, after Mike Schmidt fired out, Luzinski blasted reliever Joe Sambito's pitch into the left field corner.

The hustling Rose charged around the bases and scored the go-ahead run when substitute catcher Bruce Bochy could not field the relay throw. Luzinski, who had homered in the opening game of the series, then scored the winning run when Trillo ripped his double to left center off Sambito, the loser.

Following the uprising, Tug McGraw, the Phillies' ace reliever, came in and protected the margin, forcing the decisive fifth game.

The Astros had tied the score 3-3 in the ninth off reliever Warren Brusstar on a walk to Rafael Landestoy, a sacrifice by Sambito and Terry Puhl's line single to right field.

It was the third consecutive extra-inning game between the evenly matched teams, and marked the first time in playoff history that three games in a row had gone beyond nine innings.

The Phillies had taken a 3-2 lead with three runs in the eighth, ending a scoreless streak of 18-3 innings.

Philadelphia got three straight singles off Houston starter Vern Ruhle in the eighth. The third hit, a single by Rose, scored Greg Gross with the Phillies' first run and relief pitcher Dave Smith then yielded a single to Schmidt as the tying run scored.

Sambito came in and struck out Bake McBride, but Trillo hit a low liner to right field that produced the go-ahead run.

Houston right-fielder Jeff Leonard caught the ball just before it hit the Astro turf, but his throw to the plate was too late to prevent Rose from scoring.

In the third controversial play of the game, Houston catcher Bochy fired the ball to second baseman Joe Morgan, covering first base, to double off Schmidt. Schmidt thought Trillo's drive had fallen for a hit.

Gross, pinch hitting for relief pitcher Ron Reed, led off the Phillies' eighth with a single to center. Lonnie Smith and Rose then singled, knocking out Ruhle.

After the Phillies' big inning, Brusstar came in and stopped the Astros in the eighth, but couldn't hold the 3-2 lead in the ninth.

The game started lazily until it erupted into a 20-minute rhubarb in the top of the fourth inning when the Astros appeared to have completed the first triple play in post season history since the 1920 World Series.

McBride and Trillo hit consecutive singles to start the controversial inning before Garry Maddox came to the plate.

Maddox then hit a soft liner to Ruhle at the pitcher's mound. Ruhle scooped the ball off his shoelaces and threw to Howe at first base to complete the double play. Howe then ran to second, where McBride had stepped off the bag, and the Astros claimed a triple play.

But home plate umpire Doug Harvey ruled his view was blocked out by the batter and called it no catch. The first base umpire Ed Vargo and third base umpire Bob Engel ruled it a catch.

Harvey said that because he had made the no catch sign, he probably confused McBride

at second base and sent him back, ruling it a double play.

Both Philadelphia manager Dallas Green and Houston's Bill Virdon announced after the argument they were playing the game under protest.

The Astros struck quickly after dust from the rhubarb had settled and scored their first run in the bottom of the fourth.

Cabell started it with a double off the left field wall and went to third on a ground out by Joe Morgan. Cabell scored on Howe's sacrifice fly to Lonnie Smith in left field.

Smith bobbled the ball on an attempted throw, but chased it down and threw out Gary Woods trying to take third base on the play. Woods had walked to get on base.

The Astros struck again in the fifth inning when catcher Luis Pujols surprised center fielder Maddox by hitting a triple off the 406 marker. He then scored on Landestoy's single to left field.

Another controversial play in the sixth inning robbed the Astros of a run when Woods was called out for leaving third base too soon on a fly ball to right field by Pujols. Woods crossed home plate standing, but following the appeal, Engel called Woods out and the Astros did not protest.

Game Four

Philadelphia	000 000 030	1	5	13	0
Houston	000 110 001	0	3	5	1

(10 innings)

Carlton, Noles (o), Saucier (7), Reed (7), Brusstar (8) and Boone; Ruhle, D. Smith (8), Sambito (8) and Pujols, Bochy (8). W—Brusstar, 1-0, L—Sambito, 0-1.



LOOK MA, NO SKIS: Water skier John Gillette captured first place in the European Challenge Barefoot Championship in Munster, Germany. A professional skier at the Sea World in Florida, Gillette competed against 35 other barefooters from 10 countries.

'Bama ventures north to snare Bear's 301st win

NEW YORK, Oct. 12 (AP) — There was no northern hospitality shown to Alabama, but the top-ranked Crimson Tide managed to stave off a spirited upset bid by unheralded Rutgers in one of the highlights of Saturday's college football schedule.

"I think they beat us and we won," said Alabama coach Paul "Bear" Bryant, whose team's 17-13 victory at the Meadowlands sports complex in New Jersey came in the Tide's first trip to the New York City area in 41 years.

"That was the best prepared team against us we've seen in a long, long time," added Bryant, who got his 301st coaching victory and moved with 13 of the all-time mark held by the legendary Amos Alonzo Stagg.

In other games involving ranked teams, No. 3 Texas slipped past No. 12 Oklahoma 20-13, No. 5 UCLA topped No. 16 Stanford 35-21, sixth-ranked Georgia topped Mississippi 29-21, No. 8 Notre Dame ripped No. 13 Miami of Florida 32-14, No. 8 North Carolina stopped Wake Forest 27-9, ninth-ranked Ohio State destroyed Northwestern

was a couple of long passes and a quarterback who is a real scrambler."

UCLA tailback Freeman McNeil raced for four touchdowns in a spectacular second half rally after Stanford had forged a 21-7 lead. McNeil, who rolled up 220 yards on 20 second-half carries, finished with 248 yards on 29 tries, including scoring runs of 12, 72, 6 and 42 yards.

Third-team tailback Carnie Norris scored a touchdown on a 1-yard drive and ran for 150 yards to pace Georgia to its victory. Norris set up his own score with a 41-yard run, then added a 20-yard jaunt to set up the clinching score.

In night games, second-ranked Southern California dumped Arizona 27-10, No. 11 Florida State shocked fourth-ranked Pittsburgh 36-22, 15th ranked Arkansas beat Wichita State 27-7, No. 17 South Carolina ran past Duke 20-7, and No. 18 Baylor slipped past No. 20 Southern Methodist 32-28.

Tailback Marcus Allen rushed for 201 yards on 41 carries, caught six passes for 42 yards and scored three touchdowns to pace

Southern Cal's explosive attack.

Florida State quarterback Rich Ockstill connected on 10 of 20 passing attempts for 127 yards and three touchdowns and Bill Capece booted a school record five field goals in rocking one of the nation's top defensive teams. The defeat ended a string of 14 consecutive victories for Pitt.

Arkansas jumped into a 14-0 lead with less than 10 minutes gone in the game, turning a pair of fumble recoveries into touchdowns, then held off the fired-up Shockers the rest of the way.

Tailback George Rogers shook off four fumbles and dashed for 224 yards, including a 43-yard touchdown run, in 36 carries to lead South Carolina's victory.

Baylor came back from a three-touchdown deficit to beat SMU as quarterback Jay Jeffrey scored three times on short runs in the battle of southwest conference unbeaten. The decision remained in doubt until Southern Methodist quarterback Mike Ford, who had driven his team 67 yards to the Baylor 18, fumbled a snap on fourth and two with just 18 seconds remaining.

Mann hustles for gold lead

PENSACOLA, Florida Oct. 12 (AP) — Bob Mann, a struggling, scrambling also-ran most of his career, fired a course-record 9-under-par 63 and surged into the third-round lead Saturday in the \$200,000 Pensacola Open golf tournament.

The spectacular effort was the best score of Mann's undistinguished, four-year PGA tour career and broke by one stroke the record on the Perdido Bay Golf Club course.

"It was just automatic," said Mann, who hit every green and didn't even come close to make a bogey. "It's just one of those things that started happening. I kept on hitting the greens and making the putts. It was fun for a change."

He had a 54-hole total of 202, 14 strokes under par in this, the last individual tournament on the 10-month tour schedule.

Tom Kite, who made a great saving putt the 17th and birdied the last hole more than an hour after Mann had finished, was in second, two strokes back at 204. Kite had a 69, the bright, warm, sunny weather.

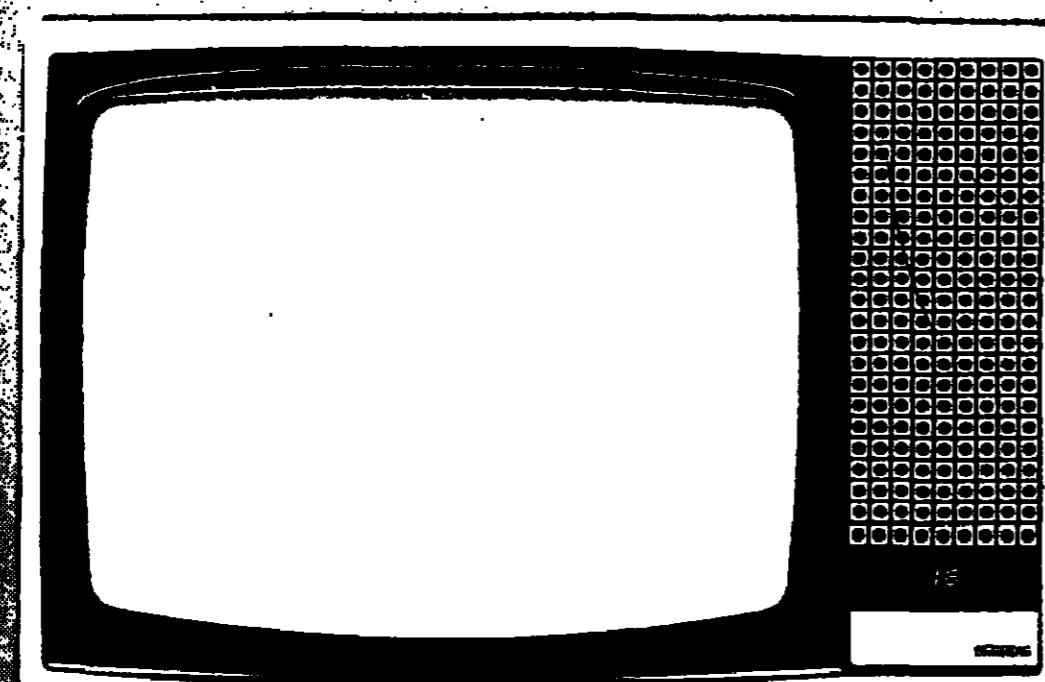
Rookie Mike Gove was another shot back at 205 after a 68.

Canadian Dan Halldorson, playing with Kite in the final threesome, had second out alone until he double bogeyed the final hole.

He finished with a 71 and was tied at 204, four strokes back, with rookie Gary Hallberg, who shared the second round lead with Kite and Halldorson, also shot a 71.

Mike Sullivan, Tom Jennette and Mac McCumber trailed at 207. McCumber shot 70, Jennette 68 and Sullivan, a winner in week, moved into position with a 66.

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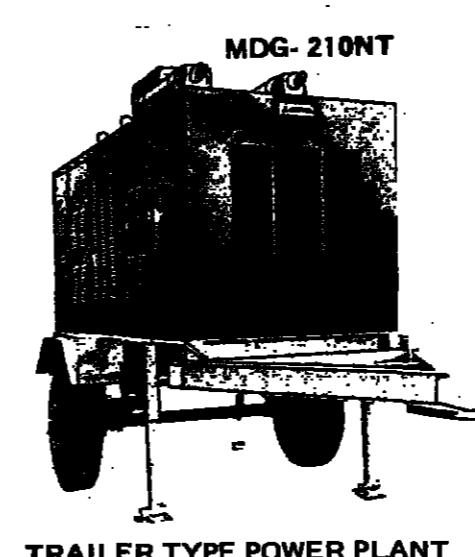
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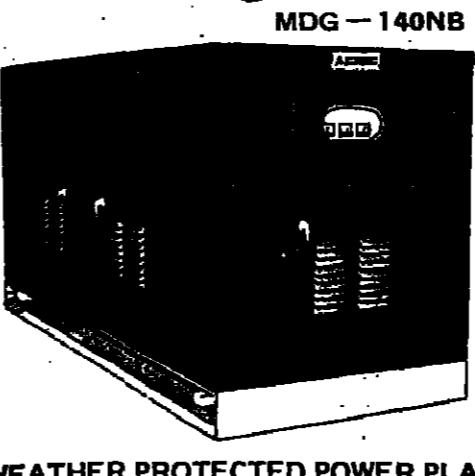
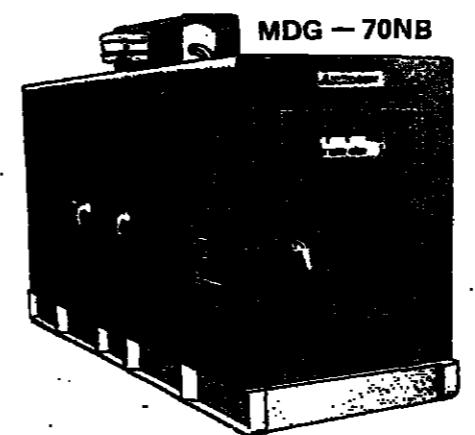
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*McDermott penalty saves champions***Ipswich held by Liverpool**

LONDON, Oct. 12. (Agencies) — Ipswich put a gripping 1-1 duel with English league soccer champions Liverpool Saturday and their splendid effort kept them top of Division One.

But international Frans Thijssen figured both goals as Liverpool extended their beaten home record to 74 games and visitors took their run of success to 34 with only one defeat.

Thijssen shot Ipswich ahead in the 28th minute but fouled Kenny Dalglish 10 minutes later and Terry McDermott levelled the score at a penalty.

Unbeaten Ipswich played brave, attacking at Anfield and came away fully deserved a draw. Goalkeepers Ray Clemence and Jim Cooper kept the scoreline low in a thrilling match.

Third placed Everton suffered a surprise beat at lowly Leeds where Welsh international Alan Curtis erased the memory of two first half misses by ending Everton's run six straight wins. The 68th minute winner was created by Argentine star Alex Bellini, without a win at Elland road in 20 seasons saw Bob Latchford head wide and McBride hit a post.

Aston Villa moved above Everton by scoring a 2-1 victory over local rival Birmingham at St. Andrews.

Villa went level on points with second

placed Liverpool—one behind Ipswich—through goals by Gordon Cowans and Allan Evans.

Cowans, a recent addition to the England international squad, put Villa ahead with a 36th minute penalty, but Frank Worthington equalised with a similar effort for Birmingham four minutes into the second half. Allan Evans struck the winner five minutes from the end to give Tottenham victory in an all-action thriller against Middlesbrough.

Dave Hodgson gave Middlesbrough an early lead, but Ricardo Villa equalised in the 48th minute and Garth Crooks put Tottenham into the lead in the 72nd. Craig Johnston equalised four minutes later, leaving Archibald to grab the late goal and the glory.

Southampton's slump continued at home to Stoke City. Charlie George put Southampton ahead with a twice-taken penalty in the 28th minute but Iain Munro, signed this week from St. Mirren, equalised for Stoke and Peter Hampton netted the winner.

Manchester United lost its 100 percent home record by drawing 0-0 with Arsenal at Old Trafford.

Both teams disappointed a large crowd, Arsenal relying on the offside trap and rarely threatening. United lacking sharpness in front of goal.

West Bromwich joined Everton on 15 from 11 matches after crushing managerless Manchester City 3-1 at the Hawthorns.

Cyril Regis and Bryan Robson scored first half goals for Albion before Steve Daley reduced the deficit. John Trewick got West Bromwich's third goal.

City parted company with manager Malcolm Allison on Thursday.

Steve Archibald scored two minutes from

Soccer Results

English First Division	
1. Aston Villa	2
2. Nottingham Forest	0
3. Everton	0
4. Coventry City	3
5. Ipswich Town	1
6. Arsenal	0
7. Wolverhampton	1
8. Stoke City	2
9. Birmingham City	0
10. Middlesbrough	3
11. Manchester City	2
English Second Division	
1. Newcastle United	2
2. Oldham Athletic	0
3. Grimsby Town	1
4. Bristol Rovers	1
5. Doncaster Rovers	0
6. Bolton Wanderers	1
7. Cardiff City	0
8. Orient	2
9. Derby County	3
10. Blackburn	0
English Third Division	
1. Rotherham	1
2. Sheffield United	1
3. Reading	0
4. Hull City	2
5. Oldham	2
6. Huddersfield	1
7. Fulham	0
8. Swindon Town	1
9. Portsmouth	1
10. Walsall	1
English Fourth Division	
1. Aldershot	0
2. Rochdale	0

Scottish Premier Division	
Aberdeen	2
Ards	1
Dundee United	0
Rangers	3
St. Mirren	0
Belgian First Division	
RWD Mouscron	3
Berchem	2
Bevegem	5
Courtrai	2
Standard Liege	5
Charleroi	0
Cercle Bruges	2
Swiss First Division	
FC Bienne	2
FC Chiasso	1
FC Leuggern	0
FC Saint Gallen	1
Young Boys Berne	2
FC Zurich	0
Austrian First Division	
Sturm Graz	1
Austria Salzburg	1
Admira Wacker	3
Austria Wien	3
Leisk	3

STANDINGS

English First Division	
Ipswich Town	10
Liverpool	11
Aston Villa	11
Nottingham Forest	11
West Bromwich	11
Nottingham Forest	11
Manchester United	11
Sheffield United	11
Tottenham	11
Stoke City	11
Birmingham City	11
Leeds United	11
Southampton	11
Sheffield Wednesday	11
Everton	11
Port Vale	11
Wolverhampton	11
Wigan Athletic	11
Wimbledon	11
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West Bank undergoing dramatic transformation

By William Claiborne
and Edward Cody

TEL AVIV —

Despite the promise of Palestinian autonomy contained in the Camp David peace accords, the Israeli-occupied West Bank is undergoing a dramatic and perhaps irrevocable transformation, linking it ever more closely to the Jewish state. The metamorphosis threatens to outstrip efforts by American, Egyptian and Israeli negotiators to set up the self-governing authority foreseen at Camp David.

In effect, it presents the diplomats with a moving target at which neither the Americans nor the Egyptians have taken clear aim. The Israeli government is pushing this target as fast as possible, with the declared goal of making impossible a negotiated return of the occupied territories to Arab rule.

Since the accords were signed nearly two years ago, the physical landscape of the West Bank has changed with the addition of 39 new Jewish civilian communities, bringing the total number of settlements operating there, under construction or approved by the government, to 72. They now have a population of about 14,000.

In all, since the West Bank was occupied by Israel in 1967, nearly one-third of its 2,200-square-mile area has been expropriated, "closed" or otherwise seized for Israeli civilian and military purposes. The settlements alone cover 28,000 acres.

At the same time, the political landscape has also shifted dramatically as the leadership of the West Bank national movement has been deported, maimed or cowed by a combination of a crackdown — described by the military authorities as a new era — and threats and attacks by ultranationalist Jewish settlers.

Running through these changes — and helping promote them — is an accelerated integration of the West Bank economy into that of Israel proper. Thirteen years after Israeli forces occupied the West Bank, its 729,000 Arab inhabitants get 90 percent of their imports from Israel and send more than 75,000 laborers to work in the Israeli economy. These Palestinians represent more than third of the West Bank work force and 6 percent of all employment in Israel.

Prime Minister Menahem Begin's government, since it took over in 1977, has purposefully promoted the changes.

Increasingly, West Bank Palestinians express fears that the Israelis' ultimate goal is to drive them from the land to make way for Jews. A growing number of Israeli settlers and even government officials acknowledge that they are counting on substantial Arab emigration and simultaneous Jewish settlement to make a Palestinian state on the West Bank an impossibility.

Sitting in a shabby office of Halhoul's Town Hall, dispirited councilman Abdul Mohsin Atrash reflected on what has grown from 13 years of Israeli military occupation in his West Bank town about 20 miles south of Jerusalem. "In the past, we used to say we will push them into the sea," he said with a wan smile. "But they are pushing us into the desert. We said it, but we didn't do it. They push us into the desert, but they don't say it."

Atrash is one of several Halhoul council mem-

bers trying to run the town in the vacuum left by the June 3 deportation of Mayor Muhammad Milhem, a nationalist leader the Israelis charged with inciting Palestinians to resist the occupation. The town's top executive since Milhem was taken from his home and helicoptered to Lebanon is Deputy Mayor Hijaiz Khalil Madhia, 74, a merchant who says: "I don't get involved in politics. I just administer the city."

A visitor listening to such West Bank Palestinians or Israeli officials talk about the future of the land is struck by the gap that seems to exist between what they believe and do and what the U.S., Egyptian and Israeli autonomy negotiators are striving to achieve. A U.S. diplomat deeply involved in the autonomy process expressed doubt that even State Department experts in Washington are fully aware of the scope of changes occurring on the West Bank bearing directly on the possibility of ever setting up a self-governing authority for Palestinians there.

Egyptian and American officials, along with some West Bank Palestinians themselves, often speak of the possibility of a return to power by the Israeli Labor Party sometime in the next year as an opening for a more flexible Israeli attitude and a hope for reversing the Judaization of the West Bank being carried out by Begin.

In the same context, they point to the relatively small number of Jews compared to Palestinians on the West Bank despite the swift expansion of settlements in the last two years. Some Israelis maintain that the settlements could still be torn down as part of a political accommodation, just as Israeli settlements in the Sinai were given up to Egypt as part of the peace treaty.

"They are Potemkin settlements," sniffed an Israeli journalist, pointing out that most settlers drive to work every day in Israeli cities and actually populate the West Bank only at night.

But Begin's top settlement aides confidently declare that their work over the last three years has formed an irreversible "skeleton" for a Jewish-inhabited West Bank and made a Sinai-type retrenchment physically impossible even if the political decision were made.

In any case, Shimon Peres, the Labor Party leader to its putative prime minister, says he sees no need to do away with the Jewish settlements to reach an accommodation on West Bank autonomy.

"Labor surely would emphasize the security considerations rather than just the historical rights ... But I don't see any need for dismantling settlements," he said in an interview recently.

Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon, the former army general who has taken Begin's settlements policies from the cabinet room to the West Bank, dismisses any chance that Labor could reverse his three years of aggressive settlement or rechart what he calls "an entirely new map of the country."

"You just can't do anything about it any more. That is why it is impossible any more to talk about the Jordanian option or territorial compromise. We are going to leave an entirely different map of the country that it will be impossible to ignore. I don't see any way any government will be able to dismantle the settlements of Judea and Samaria."

Begin's government in recent months has shifted away from its previous emphasis on Jews' historical right to the West Bank, reflecting concern over

opposition abroad, including some of the U.S. Jewish community. Instead, government officials are stressing the West Bank's importance to Israeli security, reviving the main thrust of the Labor Party's traditional approach before it fell from power.

The exception is Jerusalem. There is virtual unanimity in Israel — among Begin's Likud government, the Labor opposition and public opinion in general — that all Jerusalem including the Arab sector captured from Jordan in 1967 must remain as Israel's united capital.

Israel annexed the Arab portion of the city only 18 days after it was captured. Begin and his opposition alike insist that Jerusalem, with its 100,000 Arab inhabitants, must be excluded from any West Bank autonomy plan despite the position of the United States and most of the rest of the world that the holy city's eastern sector is part of the West Bank territory and that its fate thus must be decided in negotiations.

The Knesset, Israel's parliament, voted in July to consecrate the Israeli sentiment in a law reasserting perpetual Israeli sovereignty over the entire city. But outside Jerusalem, the current emphasis is on Israel's need of the West Bank to guarantee its security.

In the west, to compensate for a lack of depth along the densely populated coastal plain, the government has built a north-south chain of settlements along heights as close as nine miles from the Mediterranean beaches and only a few miles inside the line that was Israel's border before the 1967 war.

Another north-south settlements belt stretches along the spine of the West Bank's central highlands overlooking the fertile Jordan Valley, creating populated, well-armed outposts astride crucial road junctions. A third strip of settlements lies in the valley along the western edge of the Jordan River, providing a front line of defense against any attack from the east.

Transversing west to east, in addition to the regular Jerusalem-Jericho road, is the partially completed trans-Samaritan road linking Israel proper to the eastern most settlements and making it possible to drive from the Jordan Valley to Tel Aviv in one hour. A second road, named after the late foreign minister Yigal Allon, cuts through the settlement and defense chain running north and south along the central highlands ridge.

Two more east-west routes also are planned, one north of Nablus and another south of Bethlehem connecting Israel's rich agricultural plain with the Dead Sea on Jordan's post-1967 boundaries.

Despite the implacable logic of the Israeli defense aims, a recurring theme emerging from interviews with West Bank Palestinians is a fear that Israelis are repeating on the West Bank the same settlement tactics that half a century ago enabled Jews to gain first a foothold and then control over the western part of the Palestinian mandate that became Israel in 1948.

Sharon himself recalls those "nation-building" days in describing his aim for "continuity of settlement" on the West Bank. The goal, he says, is to create a network of safe zones for Jews. "All that will reduce tension," he claims. "But in the future, The difficulties are now."

Whatever the motives for Israel's transformation

of the West Bank, the changes clearly do not fit with U.S. policy, which defines the settlements as illegal according to international convention. Despite the disagreement, however, the United States has given Israel \$7.8 billion a year in military and economic aid since the Begin government came to power.

While none of the money is earmarked directly for settlements, and while Israeli officials demand none of it is spent on the West Bank settlements, U.S. diplomats say they have no way of monitoring how some aid money is spent and, in any case, the aid for other projects frees Israel's own funds for the settlements.

"If money goes into one pot, there is nothing to prevent them from putting it into another pot," said one American diplomat.

This paradox and the widespread Palestinian belief that the United States is helping fund the settlements have proved to be a major obstacle to fulfillment of the negotiating process that was born from the Camp David accords and the March 26, 1979, Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty, according to the vision portrayed by U.S. diplomats at the time.

Mayor Elias Freij of Bethlehem recalls a four-hour meeting with Assistant Secretary of State Harold Saunders a month after the Camp David accords during which Saunders reportedly pounded the table and raised his voice to persuade West Bank leaders that the accords would be their first step toward freedom from Israeli occupation.

"Sovereignty over the land belongs to the people who live there," Freij quotes the U.S. envoy as shouting.

Even then, the Israeli government protested American efforts to depict the accords as the Palestinians' opening toward self-determination. Now, two years later, the American overtures have faded, the Palestinians have grown cynical and the Israelis are still warning against "overpromising."

"It's a mistake," says Sharon. "There are things that can be done and there are things that can't be done. But when it comes to security and our existence, there is nothing to give. Overpromising the Arabs, believe me, that alone will postpone agreement."

Despite skepticism from the beginning, the early U.S. promises had generated at least a measure of hope among some Palestinian leaders on the West Bank and even within the Palestine Liberation Organization.

A high PLO official revealed recently in Beirut that the leadership was genuinely worried in the first months after Camp David that West Bank mayors could seize upon autonomy, despite its limitations, as the only way remaining to rid their constituents of Israeli military occupation.

"Now we're not worried at all," he said, smiling.

One of those who felt that hope was false, councilman Atrash, who said he "clapped" when the accords and their promise of autonomy were first announced. Now, however, his applause has turned to a jeer:

"You ask why the Palestinians don't attend the autonomy talks. But Begin says the land is theirs, the security is theirs, the sky is theirs. I ask you, why should the Palestinians join the talks? What is left to negotiate?" — (WP)

FOOD MOUNTAIN'

The hundreds of millions of starving people in the world may be quite justified in not believing the story of the European "food mountain" which is forcing European Economic Community to destroy thousands of tons of food for lack of demand and storage facilities. But they will wonder why at least some of the food that is being so wantonly thrown into the sea, or ground to make fishmeal to be fed to farm animals, or made into pet food to nourish dogs and cats, is not diverted to the famine-stricken areas in Asia and Africa.

Britain alone, which is by no means the most prosperous country in the EEC, has enough unwanted food to feed a few million hungry people for quite some time, adequate to take them off the list of critically starving humanity. It includes in tons: barley, 246,695; butter, 26,380; beef, 20,287; oilseed, 3,527; wheat, 3,152; milk powder, 2,383; rye, 300.

Multiply these stocks by the number of EEC members, some of whom are stuck with a lot more than Britain's, and the result is a staggering amount of food destined for the dust-bin — if there is a dust-bin large enough to hold it.

At the same time in many, many parts of the world, millions of children and their parents will be dying slowly. Many more are dying more rapidly, as they desperately scrape the ground for seeds and the carcasses of their animals for meat.

Cannot some of the rigmarole of the United Nations and the highly boring jargon of other international bodies be devoted to the problem of transporting some if not all of this heap of unwanted food to where it is crucial for human survival?

Saudi Arabian Press Review

allowed during the Pilgrimage.

Newspapers Sunday led with the arrival of King Hussein of Jordan in Jeddah Saturday for talks with King Khaled on the current developments in the region. They also highlighted an announcement of the Jordanian monarch's projected visit to the Soviet Union. In a lead story, *Al Riyad* reported that a new statute for Saudi Arabian universities would be issued soon to give more flexibility to the universities from educational, financial and administrative aspects.

Newspapers frontpaged reports of Iraq-Iran fighting and said the Iraqi forces have crossed the

Caron River to tighten the siege on the Iranian oil city of Abadan. Newspapers also gave front-page treatment to the devastating earthquake that razed the coastal town of Aswan in Algeria Friday, killing and injuring an estimated 250,000 people. *Al Jazira* played as a page one story Israeli radio's reaffirmation that an air link has been established between Libya and Iran to transport military hardware to Iran. *Al Medina* highlighted on its front page an exclusive statement by Interior Minister Prince Naif, in which he reiterated that nothing but the performance of religious obligations would be

colonialist elements, the paper said. Concerned with the situation in the Gulf region, *Okaz* said the hostile elements are trying to enlarge the area of Iraq-Iran armed conflict for their own ends. The paper reiterated that states of the region do not need to be under any trusteeship, as they are capable of settling their problems by themselves. In a reference to the current visit of King Hussein of Jordan to Saudi Arabia, the paper added that his talks with the Kingdom's leadership would be considered a real beginning for the adoption of an Arab stance that hampers any attempt to endanger peace and security of the region.

Al Medina discussed peace and security in the Kingdom, saying the stable conditions in the country are first of all the blessings of God and then the outcome of a correct application of the teachings of Islam and the Islamic law. This law does not allow any individual or specific activity to endanger peace and security of the visitors and pilgrims, said the paper, adding that God has chosen this land for the Holy Kaaba round which Muslims must rally and perform their religious obligations toward their Creator.

Recalling the final days

The farewell Hajj of the Prophet Muhammad

By Mahmud Abdullah

JEDDAH — The Pilgrimage or the Hajj is the fifth pillar of almighty Allah's ordained and chosen religion, Islam, which was finally revealed to the Prophet Muhammad (Peace be on him) some fourteen hundred years ago. The Hajj is compulsory for all adult Muslims, both men and women, who after fulfilling their social obligations have the means to travel to Mecca and return home. The Hajj is performed in the holy city of Mecca and the nearby valleys of Mina, Arafat and Muzdalifah. This ritual was made Fard (obligatory) for the believers in the 9th year of the Hijra (migration from Mecca to Medina) of the holy prophet (Allah's Blessings be on him).

And as the historical record and religious literature testify, this very same year of the 9th of Hijra he commissioned his beloved friend and companion, Abu Bakr, to lead three hundred Muslims to perform the Pilgrimage. The next year it was announced that the prophet himself was going to undertake for the observance of the sacred duty. Thus the people in and around Medina-Al-

them, practicing and imparting the tenets and manners of Muslim life, without any show of greatness or importance and setting an example of the most devoted and disciplined traveller to the house of God — that first and everlasting symbol of the creator's unity and omnipotence which had been consecrated by his first apostle, the prophet Adam (peace be on him).

At a place called Dhul Hafsa, a short distance from Medina, the Prophet Muhammad (peace be on him) put on the Ihram, a pair of unsown white shrouds, worn whilst performing Hajj or Umra (lesser pilgrimage). After praying two rakahs for Niyyat (intention) the Prophet recited the Talabiyah and kept on repeating it, with some intermissions, right upto the time he reached Mecca. The words of Talabiyah are : (Labbaik, Allahu Laabbaik, Labbaik, La Sharika Laaka, Labbaik, Innal-hamda wan-ni'mata laaka, wal-mulk la sharika laaka.) " O Allah, here I am in Your Presence ! You are without a partner ! You are without a partner ! Here I am ! All Praise is for You, O Allah, and from You are all Blessings ! To You belongs the Authority and Rule ! Indeed You are without partner."

"The Farewell Hajj of the Prophet Muhammad was not a chance occurrence, but had come to pass designedly and at the most appropriate time. That it materialized so late was not without significance. It was when Islam had spread throughout the Peninsula of Arabia, the number of Muslims had swelled, faith had grown in strength and love had mellowed the minds and hearts of men had become receptive and they were willing to learn and absorb new knowledge."

Munawwarah started preparing themselves to join the messenger of God in that noble expedition, which in many ways had an everlasting effect on Muslim thought and conduct.

On the 26th of Dhulqaada in the 10th year of the Hijra, about 90,000 pilgrims accompanied the last apostle, the reviver of the traditions of Prophet Ibrahim (peace be on him), left Medina, and by the time reached the vicinity of the Baitullahilharam (the house of Allah, the Haram) their number was well beyond 100,000 pilgrims. The holy prophet moved and stayed with is people as one of

vants and He has defeated all His enemies." On the 9th of Dhul Hijja, the Prophet went to Arafat from Mina, a valley near Mecca where he had stayed on the 8th. It is Arafat, a bigger valley situated a few miles away from Mina, in which is located the Jabal-

the latter should willingly give. So, do not tyrannise over your people, that is, do not usurp their rights."

Then the Prophet cried at the top of his voice : " O Lord ! have I conveyed Thy message ? " And the valley resounded with the

"Then, O my people! You have certain rights over your wives, and so have your wives over you. They are the trust of God in your hands. You must therefore treat them with all kindness."

Rahma, the mount of Mercy, where the Holy Prophet delivered the most moving and inspiring sermon ever given to mankind. The sermon the Prophet delivered on the last pilgrimage remains a remarkable testament to the man. He was mounted on a camel and the people were assembled all around him in the plain of Arafat.

He said : " O people ! lend an attentive ear to my words : for I know not whether I shall ever here after have the opportunity to meet you here. Do you know what day is it, is it today ? This is Yaum-un-Nahr or the sacred Day of Sacrifice. Do you know what place is this ? This is the sacred town. So I apprise you that your lives, your properties, and your honor must be as sacred to one another as this sacred day, as this sacred month and as this sacred town. Let those present take this message to those absent. You are about to meet the Lord who will call you to account for your deeds.

" O people ! this day Satan has despaired of re-establishing his worship in this land of yours. But should you obey him even in what seems to you a trifle, it will be a matter of pleasure for him. So you must beware of him in the matter of faith.

" Then, O my people ! you have certain rights over your wives, and so have your wives over you. They are the trust of God in your hands. You must therefore treat them with all kindness. And as regards your slaves, see that you give them to eat what you yourselves eat, and clothe them with what you clothe yourselves with.

" O people ! listen to what I say and take it to heart. You must know that every Muslim is the brother of another Muslim, you are all equal, (i.e., enjoy equal rights, and have similar obligations). You are all members of one common brotherhood. So it is forbidden for any of you to take from his brother save what

reply from myriads of human tongues with one accord. By Lord ! surely you have." He said : " O Allah, bear witness to what your servants are saying." Then turning to the people, the Apostle of Allah (peace be on him) said : " Those of you who are present here should pass on my message to those who are not here. It is possible that those who are not here may understand my teachings better than those who are present."

After the Prophet (peace be on him) finished the sermon, Allah Almighty sent these words in the form of the last Wahi : " Today I have completed your religion for you, and I have chosen for you the religion of Islam." The Muslims have spared themselves nothing by way of time and industry in the compilation and preservation of the record of the Prophet Muhammad's Pilgrimage. From the time the Prophet announced his decision to go on Pilgrimage till his return to Medina, his companions kept a close watch on his sayings and doings.

A complete accurate record has been left behind for the Muslim community and the succeeding generations. So that a Muslim can know clearly about everything that took place during the whole course of the Pilgrimage — how the Prophet travelled from Medina to Mecca, what happened during his visits to Mina and Arafat, and on his way to Mecca, and, finally, on his return journey to Medina. Thanks to the history of the Prophet's Pilgrimage, the Muslim can participate, intellectually and spiritually, in all these events and incidents. As a Muslim reads the account of Farewell Hajj the invisible becomes the visible for him and the past, the present.

The Farewell Hajj of the Prophet Muhammad was not a chance occurrence, but had come to pass designedly and at the most appropriate time. That it materialised so late



PILGRIMAGE: The Hajj is compulsory for all adult Muslims, both men and women, who after fulfilling their social obligations have the means to travel to Mecca and return home. In addition, the Hajj is performed in the holy city of Mecca and the nearby valleys of Mina, Arafat and Muzdalifah.

the Islamic Sharia.
The Prophet said :

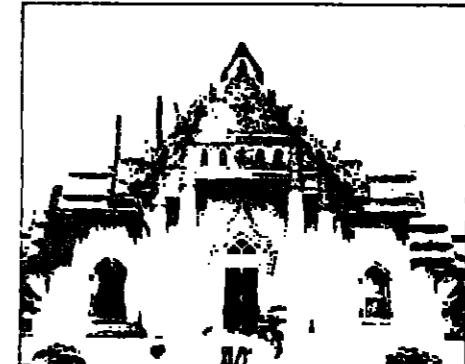
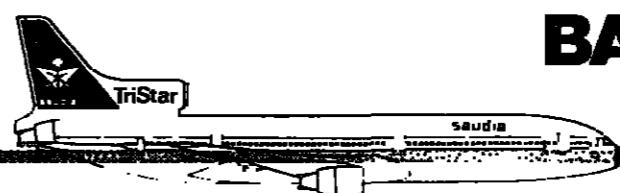
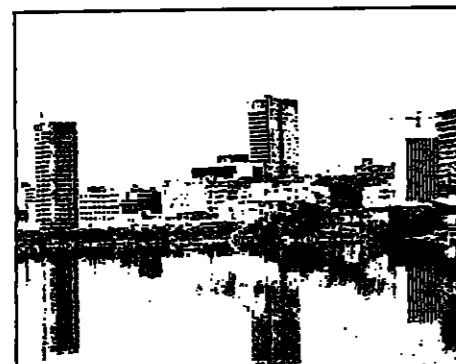
" O people ! No message of God or Prophet will come after me and no new religious community will appear. Listen carefully ! You should worship Allah, say prayers five times a day, fast once a year, the whole month of RAMADAN, pay Zakat (the poor due) cheerfully perform the Hajj (Pilgrimage) to Kaaba, which is the house of God, and obey your superiors. The reward of performing all these duties will be your admission to the best parades."

The Farewell Hajj was, indeed, the equivalent to a thousand sermons and exhortations.

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Turkey devalues currency by 3.37%

ANKARA, Oct. 12 (AP) — The Turkish lira was devalued by 3.37 per cent against the dollar Sunday in the latest of a long string of currency moves aimed at making Turkish exports more attractive on world markets. The Sunday adjustment in the lira makes the dollar worth 82.70 lira. Before the devaluation it had been one dollar to 80 lira.

Ten years ago the rate was 14.85 lira to the dollar. The massive devaluation to the present rate — expected to slide to 100 lira to the dollar by year's end — began in force in 1974 when OPEC nations began pushing up oil prices.

The major factor in the decline of the Turk-

ish economy, which was booming in the early 1970s, has been the rising price of oil. Turkey produces only about 2.8 million tons of oil a year. The estimated oil consumption this year is 17 million tons.

Here is a list of the value of the Turkish lira against major world currencies. Old values are in parentheses.

U.S. dollar	1.70	30.00
German mark	45.5	(44.75)
French Franc	19.76	(19.24)
British pound	—	.00
Swiss franc	—	—

Poland faces coal shortage as economic misery mounting

WARSAW, Poland, Oct. 12 (AP) — Poland, the world's fourth-largest coal producer, has a coal shortage at home, and in the land of Polish Ham, housewives line up at dawn for a kilo of sausage. The shortages are the most visible sign of Poland's mounting economic miseries, government officials say. Black market for currency and, most serious, huge debts to Western Banks are jeopardizing the gains strikers won on paper this summer.

Communist Party and government leaders are admitting numerous "mistakes and deformations of Socialism" as they try to divorce themselves from the past and revive the economy. The result is a rare glimpse at the severity of the crisis, which one party commentator said threatens to make land "the sick man of Europe."

Among the problems:

— Production dropped nine per cent in August and six per cent in September over the same periods a year ago, with Polish industrial output running at 80 to 85 per cent of capacity and up to a dozen small strikes still occurring each day.

— Coal production has developed a backlog of four million tons in the last few months, a shortfall that could rise to 8 million to 10 million tons by the end of the year. A \$667 million credit for Poland signed Friday by 25 West German banks is aimed in part at the purchase of 800,000 tons of coal a year beginning in 1986. It also includes \$222.2

million for investment in the coal industry. — Poland became a net importer of food in 1980 for the first time — a year after the country recorded its first drop in national income.

"One cannot describe the present situation as a crisis, but rather as an approaching catastrophe," wrote Mieczyslaw Rakowski, a party central committee member and editor of the influential weekly *Polityka*.

Communist party leader Stanislaw Kania said the key economic error in the last decade was "an enormous overburdening of the national economy with investments...the actual scope of the investments far exceeded the possibilities."

Kania said in the first five years of the 1970s alone, investments in huge plants and other development schemes ran \$16 billion too high, one-third above the forecast of the central plan.

To make those investments, the Polish economy went into tremendous debt, reaching \$20 billion to Western banks alone. That created a vicious circle. The new planning chief, Henryk Kisiel, said paying back those debts now devours "the major part of our income from exports," preventing investment of the income in self-help development.

Coal products have been exported as fast as they can be produced to bring in Western currencies, often at the expense of the needs of the Polish people.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

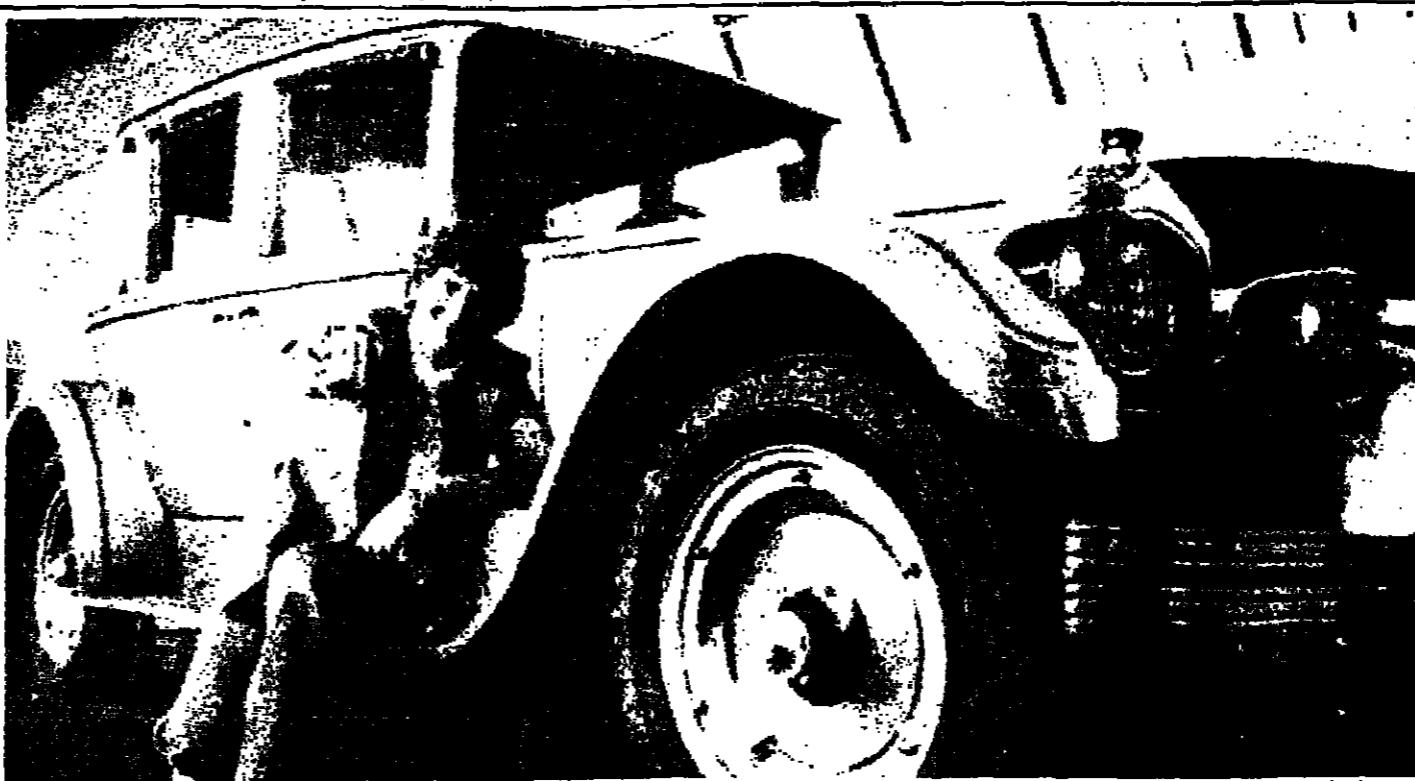
Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
Department of Education, Medina	Repairs to the scouts camp	38	100	Oct. 27
"	Supply of vehicles	39	—	Oct. 28
"	Construction of two classrooms at Al-Mahfar school	40	100	Oct. 29
"	Supply of tape recorders	—	—	—
Ministry of the Interior, Dept. of Public Security	Maintenance of VHF wireless equipment at public security offices throughout the Kingdom	41	—	Nov. 1
Ministry of P.T.T.	Supply of automatic alarm instrument and fire-fighting equipment at the satellite stations in Riyadh, Jeddah and Taif	25/400/401	800	Nov. 2
Ministry of Agriculture and Water	Supply of automatic alarm instrument and fire-fighting equipment at the satellite stations in Riyadh, Jeddah and Taif	13/400/401	1000	Nov. 1
"	Sinking of four ordinary wells in the Southern Province (first group)	16/1	500	Nov. 8
"	Sinking of four ordinary wells in the Southern Province (fifth group)	17/1	500	Nov. 9
"	Sinking of five tubewells in Jizan area (first group)	18/1	500	Nov. 10

PORTS AUTHORITY JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT SHIPS MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HOURS ON THE 12TH OCTOBER, 1980 3RD D-HIJAH, 1400

Berth	Name of Vessel	Agent	Type of Cargo	Arrival Date
5.	Hellenic Ideal	Alpha	Rice/Flour/Gen/ Animal Feed	8.10.80
10.	Krios	EI Hawi	Berries	7.10.80
18.	Ionian Carrier	Rolaco	Bulk Cement	6.10.80
19.	Egda	Alsaibah	Bags	8.10.80
21.	Tarago	Barber	Contra/Butter/Gen/Car	11.10.80
24.	Glacier Gris	O.C.E.	Apples	12.10.80
27.	San Stefano	Star	Fruits	2.10.80
29.	Ocean Sky	Airreza	Frozen Chicken/Gen.	10.10.80
29.	George Z'	O.C.E.	Frozen Poultry/ Vegetables	11.10.80
31.	Freezer Prince	O.C.E.	Reefer	7.10.80
38.	El Vina	Fayez	Durian/Melon Seeds	10.10.80
39.	Dynamic-1	Algosaibi	Tiles/Wire Mesh/Gen	11.10.80
RECENT ARRIVALS:				
Dynamic-1				
Omis				
George Z'				
Tauria				
Zetos				
Divina				
Glacier Gris				
Barber Toba				
Nikolay Golovnov				

KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT DAMMAM SHIP MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HRS ON 03.12.1400/12.10.1980 CHANGES PAST 24 HRS.

4.	Baltic Freezer	Gulf	Greezer	10.10.80
7.	Hoegh Pride	Kanoo	General	10.10.80
19.	Anour	AET	Rice	8.10.80
20.	Apostolos-A	Gossibi	barley	11.10.80
21.	Ocean Hero (D.B.)	AET	Bulk Cement	7.10.80
23.	Oriental Importer	SMC	Containers	11.10.80
30.	Al Gurainiah	Kanoo	General	11.10.80
31.	Serikonos	UEP	General	12.10.80
33.	Karl Marx	Kanoo	General	10.10.80
36.	World Youth (D.B.)	SMC	Bulk Cement	28.9.80



VINTAGE FUEL EFFICIENCY: Dennis Caravalla, a guide at Greenfield village and Henry Ford museum in Dearborn, Mich., displays a soft drink can made of aluminum as he sits on the running board of a 1925 Ford Model T. The can is made of the same material. This early effort at a lighter, more fuel efficient auto was one of 11 made in Buffalo, N.Y., in 1925. The experimental model was never produced because of aluminum. This includes the engine body, wheels, front axle housing, braking and steering systems.

Influx of cars, TV sets

Japanese aide, EEC to review market issue

BRUSSELS, Oct. 12 (AFP) — Japanese Vice-Minister of Foreign Trade, Waohiro Amaya will start a round of talks here Monday with European Economic Community (EEC) commissioners on the highly controversial issue of the influx of Japanese automobiles and television sets into the nine-nation EEC.

Amaya has refused to import more than 3,000 Japanese automobiles annually, while France is protecting itself with various measures to stop Japanese automobiles obtaining more than 30 per cent of the home market.

Japan also has a major share of the EEC market for television sets and television tubes, especially for the small sets. The nine EEC partners have so far not drawn any policy on trade relations with Japan. Last spring the EEC commission suggested that members should unify their customs dues on Japanese goods on the condition that Tokyo agreed to limit its exports.

But last January EEC foreign ministers decided that this joint customs policy would be granting concessions out of proportion to the benefit received in exchange for them.

IEA forecasts serious problem if fighting lasts beyond 1980

PARIS, Oct. 12 (R) — The West's International Energy Agency (IEA) is confident it will not have to trigger an emergency oil sharing scheme this year, but a more serious situation could arise if the Iraq-Iran war lasts beyond the end of 1980, according to IEA officials.

The current oil export loss due to the war is 3.9 million barrels per day (bpd) but the officials said there is no need for the West to attempt to make up this loss because of the current high level of stocks.

If the war continues past the end of this year however, and if importers cannot build up stocks depleted during the winter in the first quarter of 1981, then a more serious situation could arise, they said.

They said the IEA was studying the impact a prolonged war and higher oil prices would have on oil supplies to the West in the first quarter of next year, but it is certain that its emergency trigger mechanism for sharing oil between its 21 member countries will not be invoked this year.

The officials said the normal level of oil being shipped on the high seas is enough for between five and six weeks' supply. Oil traders had chartered all available tankers and there was now an extra seven or eight days supply in transit above the normal shipment levels.

The IEA officials said long-range weather forecasts do not predict a severe winter for the United States or Europe, and there was little prospect sharply higher demand for oil because of the weather.

"There is no evidence at all that anyone is panicking," an official said.

The officials said they did not think oil production increases by Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates would be as high as the three millions mentioned in press reports.

The IEA officials said Kuwait and the Emirates have the technical capacity to raise their output to 2.4 million bpd.

Cash and transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gold St., Jeddah — Tel : 23815.

China plans to establish private sector

HONG KONG, Oct. 12 (AP) — China plans to have a private sector according to Peking's top economist. Xu Muqiao, considered the father of China's current economic reforms, said recently he sees nothing wrong with establishing private enterprises and joint Socialist-private ventures with stock publicly sold to workers.

Western economic experts said Xue's speech at a seminar attended by businessmen and diplomats from 20 countries marked the first time any Chinese official had spoken publicly of expanding the role of the private sector in China beyond small-scale individual businesses.

The 76-year-old economist, who is advisor to the state planning commission and director of the economic research institute, said these capitalist elements could "cover the holes" in the Socialist system.

Xue did not specify just what the "holes" in China's Socialist economy are, but he made it clear that some private enterprises, some joint ventures which issue stock, and a large number of individual entrepreneurs especially in the service sector will help China's modernization.

China's Socialist economic construction faces a historic turning point: Xue said. "We are now at a crucial moment of change. We cannot predict what will happen in the next 10 years... but the direction will not be reversed. We will have problems, but nothing can change our path, nothing can stop us from being successful."

China now has two forms of ownership — by the state or by collectives such as a commune, neighborhood organization or other group. "But that is not enough," Xue said.

"We need a multi-faceted economy which includes a private sector. We can even tolerate joint Socialist-private enterprises in which public stock would be owned by workers. Why not? I don't see anything wrong."

Xue said the country's leading advocates of economic reform don't favor a revival of capitalism and don't fear one "as long as public ownership is a majority."

"We could have a little of it (capitalism)," he said.

Foreign Exchange Rates			
Quoted at 5:00 P.M. Saturday			
Bahraini Dinar	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
Belgian Franc (1,000)	8.85	8.80	8.80
Canadian Dollar	115.00	—	—
Deutsche Mark (100)	2.85	—	—
Dutch Guilder (100)	184.00	186.00	184.40
Egyptian Pound	169.00	—	165.00
Emirates Dirham (100)	—	4.35	4.47
French Franc (100)	—	90.50	90.25
Greek Drachma (1,000)	79.00	80.00	79.50
Indian Rupee (100)	—	80.00	—
Iranian Rial (100)	—	43.10	—
Iraki Dinar	—	9.50	—
Italian Lira (10,000)	39.00	40.00	39.30
Japanese Yen (1			

Burned cruise ship sinks near Alaska

JUNEAU, Alaska, Oct. 12 (AP) — The crippled luxury liner *Prinsendam* rolled over and sank in the Gulf of Alaska Saturday, leaving behind only a lifeboat to mark its place, the U.S. Coast Guard said.

No one was aboard the fire-ravaged vessel when it rolled onto its side at 9:30 a.m. and sank within three minutes, said Bob Helly, a coast guard spokesman in Seattle. The vessel was about 128 kms. southwest of Sitka when

it sank.

The 400-foot vessel, valued at \$27 million went down as it awaited a tow to a sheltered fjord near Sitka, Alaska. A week ago, a fire erupted in the luxury liner's engine room, forcing about 500 people into lifeboats. All were saved.

In New Jersey, officials of the Dutch government began a closed-door hearing on the fire.

Information 'balance' asked

U.N. delegates debate news

BELGRADE, Oct. 12 (AP) — The UNESCO debate on communication programs opened at the 21st general conference of UNESCO Saturday, with some delegates calling for a better-balanced flow of world information and others urging governments to keep hands off the news.

Some 5,000 representatives of over 150 countries and representatives of over 200 government and non-government organizations came to this Balkan capital for the 5-week conference whose main topics opened with a discussion of the communications program, prepared by the UNESCO secretariat, in response to the Third World quest for a better-balanced flow of information.

The developing countries feel the Western news gathering and distribution companies exert a monopoly in the field, paying too little attention to the Third World needs and concerns.

Or, as a delegate from the Soviet Ukraine claimed, the flow of information from "the powerful West exceeds 100 times the flow in the opposite direction."

A delegate from Cuba declared that "information is power and this power is not equally distributed." UNESCO Secretary General Amadou Mahtar M'bow earlier warned the debaters in the modernistic Sava conference center earlier to avoid ideological quarrels over the issue, which he said could not be resolved overnight.

The representative of the Dominican

Republic warned the session Saturday that "you want to have an order — you have to have coercion. I hate to think culture can be administrated by government."

The representative of the Dominican Republic also warned against attempts to establish utopias, adding it "leads to tyrannies." The speaker from Venezuela, Jose Antonio Mayobre, illustrated his speech with a story in which one man tells another: "Let's go," "Where are we going?" "I don't know, but what's the difference, we ought to go."

He said his delegation detected in the communication programs "lack of realism."

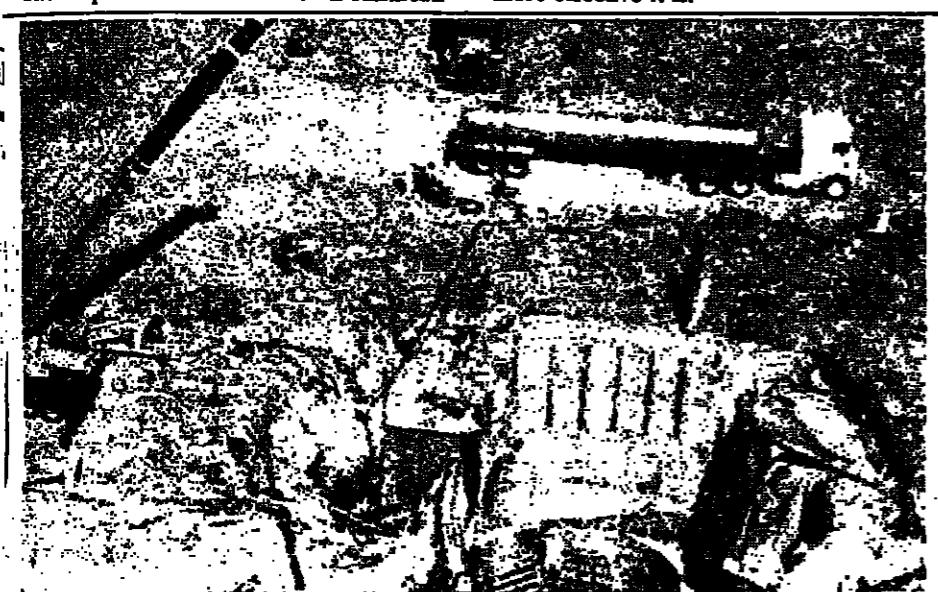
As regards the role of UNESCO in the new world information order, Mayobre said he had "serious reservations" and contended that it was "not up to states to regulate the social status of journalists."

The program calls for licensing of journalists in order to protect them, a proposal strongly opposed by the West.

"It is up to journalists themselves to consider their status," Mayobre said adding that journalists' trade unions "must fight to improve conditions of operations of journalists."

Italo Neri of Italy said there were "ambiguous formulations" and "lack of organic coherence" in the proposed communication programs. But he added "we are in full agreement on democratization of information."

He summed up his report saying that "the more communication is decentralized, the more effective it is."



CONTAMINATED: U.S. Air Force workers at Damascus, Arkansas, pump contaminated water from a silo where a Titan II nuclear missile exploded last month.

Irish release bomber 'Red Rosie'

LIMERICK, Ireland Oct. 12 (AP) — Bridget Rose Dugdale, English heiress turned Irish revolutionary, was released from Limerick prison Saturday after serving six years of a nine-year sentence for stealing art treasures and bombing a Northern Ireland police post, prison authorities reported.

The 39-year-old "Red Rosie," as she is known, was smuggled out of the prison hidden in the trunk of a car to avoid新smen.

Prison officials said Dugdale, jailed for crimes related to the Irish Republican Army's guerrilla campaign, was freed four days earlier than announced to save her "the full glare of publicity."

The Irish Republic's justice department said earlier this week she would be released next Wednesday. Irish authorities granted her one-third remission of her sentence for

good behavior while she was held in the fortress-like Victorian prison.

Dugdale was jailed in June, 1974, for stealing art treasures worth \$19 million from the house of a South African diamond magnate and hijacking a helicopter to drop homemade bombs in milk cartons on a police post in Strabane in Northern Ireland.

The outlawed IRA is fighting to end British rule in Northern Ireland and reunite it with the neighboring Irish Republic to end nearly 60 years of partition.

"Red Rosie," a doctor of philosophy and daughter of millionaire insurance magnate James Dugdale, left the prison in a car soon after noon. Prison sources said she was driven to an undisclosed destination for a reunion with her five-year-old son Ruari, who was born in prison in 1975.

Soviets said well after 185 weightless days

MOSCOW, Oct. 12 (AP) — Two Soviet astronauts ended a record six months in space aboard the Salyut-6 space lab and returned to earth showing no ill effects from their 185-day stay in a weightless environment, Tass reported.

"I feel some overload but the pressure is not as bad as it was during the descent," Valery Ryumin, a 41-year-old civil engineer.

said in a Soviet television interview, reclining in his white space suit after touchdown in the desert of Soviet Central Asia.

A medical examination at the landing site 180 kilometers southwest of the town of Dzhezkazgan showed the pair' withstand well the long stay in weightless condition.

Tass said. Sverdrup said this year's list of nominees

includes 57 individuals and 14 organizations.

"One should not mention anyone on the list by name at all, because all of them can win," he said.

He did confirm a list of names, however, that have been leaked by persons or organizations who nominated them. In addition to Carter, the list includes:

— British Foreign Minister Lord Carrington.

— President Robert Mugabe of Zimbabwe.

— Pope John Paul II.

— King Juan Carlos of Spain.

— President Urho Kekkonen of Finland.

— Alva Myrdal Sweden's untiring advocate of disarmament and one of few women on the list.

Two naturalized Americans and one native of the United States already have won or shared in the first two Nobel prizes awarded this year, in literature and in medicine, both presented in Stockholm.

The Swedish Academy of Sciences will announce on Tuesday the Nobel prize for chemistry and in physics. As with the other prizes, names of the candidates are closely guarded secrets.

The two-city selection process follows the dictates of the will of Alfred Nobel, the Swedish inventor of dynamite who died in 1896. A foundation established in 1900 financed the awards, and the first were presented a year later. The peace prize is the showcase of the series.

Nobel's will specified that the Norwegian Storting, or parliament, should appoint a five-member committee to administer it. The committee currently comprises Professor John Samness, the chairman, who announces this year's winner at 3 p.m. Monday, a former member of parliament; a former bank manager; a former county governor; and film censor Else Germeten, the only female member.

Its guidance under the will is to award the peace prize "to the person who shall have done the most or the best work for fraternity between peoples, for the abolition or reduction of standing armies and for the holding and promotion of peace congresses."

Over the years, the committees have decided an average of one year in every four to withhold the award, presenting 59 prizes to a total of 78 persons. The last year it skipped was 1972, and last year's winner was Mother Theresa, the so-called Saint of Calcutta, who donated her prize money to charity.

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Sverdrup said this year's list of nominees

arabnews Market Place

ANNOUNCEMENT

THE HAMAD AL-BAJJASH COMPANY ANNOUNCES THAT the services of following three employees were terminated.

- 1— EUGENE F. BURCH — Passport No: 2-2965185
- 2— WILLIAM CLEMONS — Passport No: K-924105
- 3— JACK P. WHITE — Passport No: J-970196

Mr. Burch and Mr. White left Saudi Arabia on an exit only basis. Mr. Clemons left on an exit re-entry basis, but his services have been terminated.

Formal request has been sent to the Ministry of Labour in Saudi Arabia that they not to be allowed to re-enter the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

NOTICE

Alupco announces that our employee MR. NEGAL DOSBURY, British national, passport no. 96501, issued in Liverpool left the Kingdom on an exit-re-entry visa valid for six months but up to this date he has not returned back from his leave to resume his duty.

Therefore the Company "ALUPCO" warns any one not to deal or shelter him.

Anyone who has any information about the above mentioned would be kindly contact the nearest police station or ALUPCO, Tel: 8324934, 8320934 — Dammam.

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1) REEFER PRINCESS	15 - 10 - 80	REEFER	BRASIL
2) NAIZE BEAUTY	19 - 10 - 80	GENERAL	BOMBAY
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URBAN AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD. ANNOUNCES THAT MR. WILLIAM P. DEADY, AMERICAN CITIZEN, PASSPORT NO. J 176672 LEFT THE KINGDOM ON 26/4/1980, ON AN EXIT-RE ENTRY VISA AND DID NOT RETURN TO THIS DATE, NOR DID HE CONTACT THE COMPANY.

ACCORDINGLY THE COMPANY CONSIDERS MR. DEADY AS BEING TERMINATED EFFECTIVE THE DATE MENTIONED ABOVE. HE THEREFORE DOES NOT FORMALLY REPRESENT THE COMPANY, NOR SIGN ON ITS BEHALF. ANY AUTHORIZATION PREVIOUSLY GRANTED TO HIM TO THIS EFFECT IS CONSIDERED CANCELLED. THE COMPANY DOES NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY TOWARDS ANY COMMITMENTS OR OBLIGATIONS HE MAY ACT UPON ON ITS BEHALF. ALL PARTIES WHO MAY DEAL WITH HIM.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Olayan Saudi Holding Company announces that its sponsored employee MR. ASIF BASHIR, a Pakistani national in accordance with his passport No. 149024, who departed on vacation on July 11, 1980 and was granted exit and re-entry visa for six months from the passport department in AlKhobar.

In as much as the above mentioned did not resume his work after the expiration of his vacation, therefore the Company warns all establishments, companies and individuals not to employ him or to hide him. Anybody who knows anything about this man please contact the Company or telephone 857-3377 in AlKhobar or inform the closest police station or passport office.

OOLAYAN OLAYAN SAUDI HOLDING CO.
P. O. Box 1520
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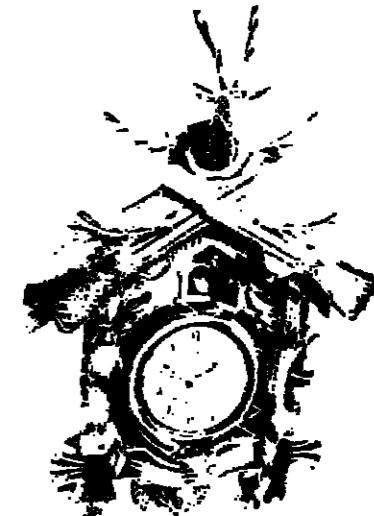
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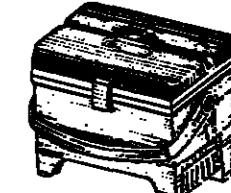
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PAGE 12

Zaire issues denial Amin army stalled

NAIROBI, Kenya, Oct. 12 (Agencies) — Ugandan military leader Paulo Muwanga said Sunday invaders who seized northwestern border areas a week ago were holding their ground and Uganda's army has made no counter-attack, a Nairobi journalist reported.

The journalist, who asked not to be named, said Muwanga told him in a telephone call, "We shall have to drive them out." Muwanga was quoted as saying the army was moving reinforcements toward the border and was planning an attack. Muwanga reportedly said there was no cause for alarm in the rest of the country.

Invaders believed to be former soldiers of ousted dictator Idi Amin crossed the border

Radiation levels high in Japan

TOKYO, Oct. 12 (AP) — Several points in Nagasaki, one of the two Japanese cities devastated by the U.S. nuclear bombings which ended World War II, show levels of radioactivity almost eight times greater than other parts of the city, a university professor said Sunday.

Dr. Shunzo Okajima of the medical school of Nagasaki University said that he detected an average of 540.7 picocuries of residual Plutonium 239 and 240 in the soil at six points in a part of the city called Ichiyama. This compares to the average of 70.3 picocuries on the outskirts of the city.

Nishiyama, population 2,000 to 3,000, is about 3 kilometers east of the epicenter of the atom bombing which struck Nagasaki on Aug. 9, 1945.

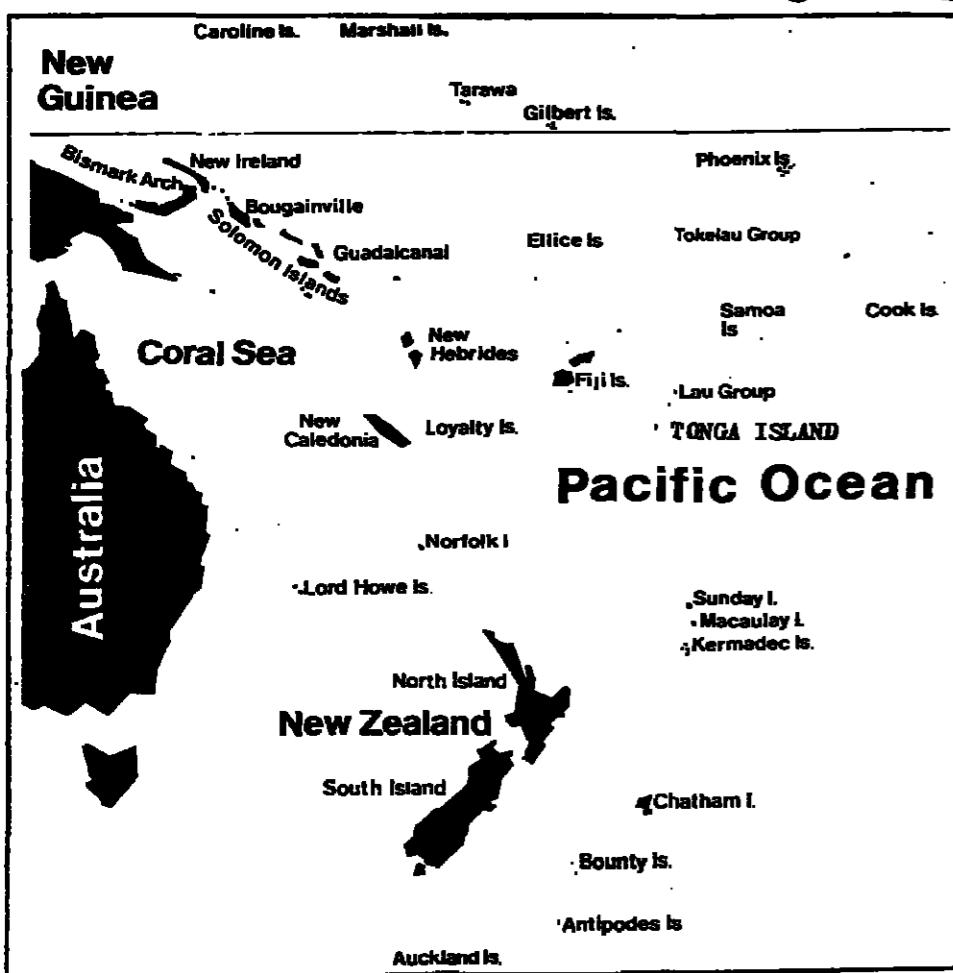
The professor said the amount of residual plutonium was detected in one kilogram samples of soil at a depth of 1 to 10 centimeters below the surface. His 18-month survey also indicated that about 75 per cent of the residual plutonium in the Nishiyama district was found in the earth 10 cm deep.

He reported his findings to the 23rd meeting of the Japan Society to Study the Effects of Radiation, held in Nagasaki, 1,040 kilometers southwest of Tokyo, on Friday.

"The levels we detected would not pose any immediate danger for humans, but a serious thought should be made of a case where those materials will continue to be accumulated in our bodies through vegetables," he said in a telephone interview.

"I have not heard of such high proportions of residual plutonium from the soil in residential areas. Further intensive studies should be followed soon on possible links between the material and its effect on residents," he said.

Romantic Germans jump at Tonga king's South Seas call



The South Pacific and the Kingdom of Tonga

3 mountaineers perish

KATMANDU, Oct. 12 (AP) — Three Japanese mountaineers attempting to climb the 7,132-meter high Mt. Ganesh Himala 3 on the Nepal-Tibet frontier are missing and are believed to have been buried by an avalanche, the Nepalese Tourism Ministry said Sunday.

It said the three men were last heard of on Oct. 9. The climbers are Hiroshi Terui, 44, an architect of Akita prefecture; Kaoru Kuroiwa, 35, an engineer from Nagoya; and Masaaki Mizuno, 31, a photographer.

The ministry said it thought the men were buried by an avalanche while returning to their base camp from another camp at an altitude of 5,600 meters.

"Ich liebe die Deutschen (I love the Germans)," the 62-year-old monarch was quoted as saying to German reporters. "I'd like a lot more of them in my kingdom. I will exempt every German who settles in my country from all taxes. In addition, a German can rent a piece of land for life at a tremendous cheap price."

The widely-circulated West German weekly magazine, *Bunte* — a rough equivalent

International



(AP photo)
KING ON THE MOVE : A giant statue of King Friedrich Wilhelm of Prussia sits on a flatbed truck waiting to be towed to the Cologne, West Germany, cathedral. The statue will be part of an exhibition opening this week.

Fights anti-Soviet bias Giscard seeks softer China

PARIS, Oct. 12 (R) — President Valery Giscard d'Estaing of France starts a one-week state visit to Communist China on Wednesday, during which he is expected to promote his ideas on counter-balancing the influence of the United States and the Soviet Union.

The Paris government's view is that the world would be a much safer place if other centers of power and influence were able to act as a brake on the East-West confrontation. The theme was taken up by the French president during a state visit to West Germany in July when he called off a stronger political and military role for Western Europe.

In China, the president will try to persuade Peking to soften its extreme anti-Soviet stance and exert a moderating influence in the region. Government spokesman Jacques Blot said in a statement on the Peking visit, "In an increasingly multi-polar world, China

like Europe can be one of the necessary poles for balance and peace."

When Communist Party Chairman Hua Guofeng visited Paris on his European tour a year ago, there were clear differences between the two countries over policy toward the Soviet Union and nothing has happened since to resolve them. French diplomats acknowledged that China did not agree with the French concept of detente because Peking views Soviet intentions as aggressive and expansionist.

Since then, the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan, which borders on China, has increased Chinese suspicions. Peking did not approve of the French president's Warsaw meeting in May with Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev. At the time, the Chinese media denounced the idea of a political solution with Moscow over Afghanistan as unrealistic and potentially harmful.

The 60 million West Germans got the message, and they liked it. In droves, they began to migrate to Tonga.

"People asked to go by the thousands," one German visitor here said. "It was all kinds of people — the people who were unlucky or unhappy in their jobs, the people who thought Tonga was just waiting for them to come and earn money. The farmers thought they could start over again on cheap land. The people with alternative lifestyles hoped to find a new place with natural foods. Everyone saw pictures of beaches and palm trees and a carefree life."

The country is ruled by the bulky King Taufa'ahau Tupou IV, whose weight is variously estimated at between 300 and 400 pounds. He keeps some equally plump and well-fed geese and chickens on the front lawn of his red-and-white wood-frame palace overlooking the Pacific.

Until this year, Tonga was visited by a few travelers from Australia, New Zealand and the United States. That was about it. At least in the European sense, the tourist attractions aren't much — there are no Eiffel Towers hidden amid the palm trees — although the beaches, the mostly-deserted islands, the slow pace of life and the Tongans themselves all carry a definite charm.

Then, last November, King Tupou IV paid an eight-day state visit to West Germany. Things haven't been the same in Tonga since. In fact, it is said here that 1980 will be remembered as the year the Germans invaded Tonga.

"He (the king) promoted Tonga heavily while he was in Germany," explains Percival Lehaeuli of the Tonga Visitors' Bureau.

That may be something of an understatement. In fact, King Tupou seems to have unearthed a mother lode of escapism and romanticism in the country.

"Ich liebe die Deutschen (I love the Germans)," the 62-year-old monarch was quoted as saying to German reporters. "I'd like a lot more of them in my kingdom. I will exempt every German who settles in my country from all taxes. In addition, a German can rent a piece of land for life at a tremendous cheap price."

In the wake of the huge outpouring of publicity given to the king's visit in Germany, Tonga put out the word that there had been a small misunderstanding. When the king spoke of freedom from taxes, it was explained, he was referring to potential investors, not ordinary run-of-the-mill emigres.

The Tongan Department of Immigration explained that investors and special skilled

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العنوان ٤ ذي الحجة ١٤٠٠ هـ

Good Morning

By Jihad Khanze

A surgeon in the operating room cannot, or rather is not expected to tell the patient, "Sorry, I made a mistake" after he has opened his body from the neck to the belly with a scalpel.

But if the patient pays for the mistake of the surgeon; a great many among us pay for our own blunders. After a slip of the tongue, we wish we had never said anything and we tell ourselves over and over, "Think twice before you speak."

There are plenty of examples of monumental blunders both in ancient and modern history. Errors of judgment about things and persons whose authors would be willing to give an arm of a leg if people would only forget them.

The ancient scientist Cicero Sparapani said in medieval times that animals move because they are helped by their limbs and muscles, but that the earth, having no limbs or muscles, cannot move.

A few hundred years later, Dr. Dionisius Lardner, professor of natural philosophy and astronomy at London University, said that high-speed trains were unsafe because they would steal passengers' breath away and asphyxiate them.

As for Emperor Ferdinand, he attended the opera *The Marriage of Figaro*, which is considered one of the greatest masterpieces of Mozart. After he told the famous composer, "It is too noisy my dear Mozart, I don't think it will succeed." Fortunately, the emperor was not a music critic. But what excuse can we find for the American art critic, Philip Neal, who said about Beethoven's Seventh Symphony that "it is long for no reason and unless it is cut down it will die." The Seventh Symphony was never abridged and despite this fact it is still one of the most popular classical works.

Even genial musicians themselves make errors. In Tchaikovsky's memoirs we find this opinion of a contemporary: "This Brahms is without talent at all."

In the memoirs of Muhammad Abdul Wahhab I read that former Egyptian Prime Minister Mustafa Al-Nahhas, at the time of King Farouk, after having heard the famous song "Cleopatra" told Abdul Wahhab that "to be frank, it is silly and I did not like it."

While Nahhas Pasha's knowledge of music did not involve any financial losses for Abdul Wahhab, Decca-Brunswick record company committed a mistake which cost it millions of dollars and which it is still paying for. What happened is that four new young singers presented themselves to the company and offered it their work. The company firmly rejected the offer because, said the manager, "The guitar era is over." The four were the Beatles.

However, as an Arab, I choose a song that acquired fame during the 1967 war, namely "The Mirage of Your Plane Flew Away, Vanquished by the Eagle of the Arabs." No doubt the composer has regretted his deed. The eagle of the Arabs is still hovering in the skies, but may God forgive those who cut its wings.

Translated from *Asharq Al-Awsat*

N. Koreans rally

TOKYO, Oct. 12 (AP) — Hundreds of thousands of North Koreans marched through the capital of Pyongyang Saturday in conjunction with the sixth congress of the ruling Workers' (Communist) Party, Communist China's Xinhua News Agency reported.

Addressing the congress at the opening session, Kim reiterated a call for reunification of North and South Korea, called for withdrawal of the 39,000 American troops stationed in the south, and proposed negotiations toward a peace treaty to replace the cease fire agreement which ended the 1950-53 Korean war. The speech, carried by KCNA and monitored here on Saturday, appeared to contain no new initiatives.

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